The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but song continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII, NO 46
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVII, NO 37

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6	1Y
One inch.....	$2 00	$ 2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches.....	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	15 00	25 00
Quarter column..	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column.....	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column.....	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	1 00 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over 1st. National Bank.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Sat's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Pensions and Bounties Collected.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.
May 20, '81.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main streets.

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick. Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. A. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building, 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn's. may 7, '80-1 f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-La O in COLUMBIAN Building.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machines of all kinds repaired. Opera House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. G. RUTTER
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
Office, North Market street.
Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, office corner of Rock and Market Street.

J. E. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third Street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. July 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

$65 A month and board for 3 live young men or ladies, in this county. Address P. W. ZEIGLER & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. October 19-4w d

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day
Nov. 23-1y

John Wanamaker's Store, Philadelphia.

These are the First Days of the
Fall Business,
already the hum of activity begins.
We launch the busy season with
Some Special Things

that prove to be strangely low. A few of these have been in store some days, but, to give everybody a fair chance, we held the announcements until the return of people from their holidays.

A good lot of first-rate Jerseys at $2.25. These are all black. The colors are $2 50.
A Black Dress Silk at [illegible] that until recently always $1.00.
[illegible] Black Rhadama, inches wide, at $1.50.
[illegible] wool Black Dress Goods at 12½ cents, which just half-price.
All-wool stylish Plaid Suiting, 42 inches, at 50 cents. We sold the same at $1.00.
Another in stripes at 65 cents. Not dear at $1.00.
A quality of Lupin's Cashmere for 50 cents (all wool). The new tariff will prevent this quality from ever again selling at this price.
A Black Albatross at 25 cents, exactly half-price.
A fine Black Camel's Hair, 46 inches wide, at 60 cents.
A good 36-inch all-wool Cashmere at 40 cents.
An excellent Black Cashmere, all-wool, a yard wide, at 45c.
A very few much admired Embroidered Robes at one-third off of usual price.
A Bleached Muslin, full yard wide, for 10c. The best we ever had at that price.
The best Twilled, All-Wool Red Flannel we ever sold for 25c.
The best Canton Flannel for 12½c. We never could get so good a quality at the price before.
An extraordinary lot of Towels at 25c.
Eight lots of Ladies' and Children's Hose that are on our counters at 25 per cent. under prices.

These lots of Shoes that are amazingly desirable for the prices:

250 pairs Women's Straight Goat Button, $4.35.
172 pairs Women's Straight Goat Button, $3.25.
225 pairs Women's Curacoa Kid Button, $4.25.
186 pairs Women's French Kid Button, $5.00.
152 pairs Women's Kid Slippers, $1.25.
112 pairs Women's Kid Ties, $2.00.
110 pairs Women's French Kid Oxford Ties, $3.25.
141 pairs Women's Front Lace Walking Boots, $3.25.
131 pairs Women's Front Lace Walking Boots, $4.50.
150 pairs Women's French Kid Button Boots, $5.25.

China and Glassware we hardly dare to risk saying anything about, as the lots announced are nearly always sold out in a few hours of the day they are presented. Watch the city daily papers for the announcements, and if these lots are sold when you come do not be disappointed, as we have new lots in every day or two.

In Furniture. Young couples should see
The new Ash Suite of Bed Room Furniture for $25.
The same goods in Cherry for $28.

Our Works at present turn us out only four suites per day of these goods, so that first come, first served. Nothing like this has ever been done in Philadelphia before.

A fine frame Body Brussels Carpet at $1.25 that we are willing to endorse as a good thing.

We are not permitted to give the makers' names. The goods are new this season, and fifty patterns at least to choose from.

The first Fall Offering of Ladies' Robes are all-wool, of ample material, in nine varieties, dark, rich hues, and the new patterns are on the palm-leaf order. The effect is much the same, if not a full equivalent, as though an expensive Cashmere Shawl were dissected and made into a robe, as is often done. The expense being infinitely less—$25.

Also a few Wrapper Patterns, Persian, and with a decided Oriental effect. The olive, old gold and rich, dark hues are subdued in a broad border of consistent but curious formation, 10 to 11 yards each $2.00 per yard.

There are other lots equally interesting, and new things daily arriving.

Samples of Dress Goods sent by mail; a "Postal" will receive immediate attention.

John Wanamaker
Thirteenth Street. Chestnut Street.
Market Street and New City Hall.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,075,224
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London	5,366,379
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,092,388

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES', N. Y.
READING, PA.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

E. B. BROWER,
PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.
DEALER
STOVES & TINWARE.
All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.
☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.
Corner of Main & East Sts.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CONSUMPTION 100
Jan 28, 83-y

The display of Ready-Made Clothing and the Low Prices arrest the attention and wonderment of every passer by, and visitors to the city must not forget to reckon our stock among the sights worth seeing. To the can't-get-aways" we say: SEND FOR SAMPLES

A. C. YATES & CO.
Ledger Building, Chestnut & 6th Sts
PHILADELPHIA.

Sept 7

SAMARITAN NERVINE
NEVER FAILS.
THE GREAT
NERVE CONQUEROR

The only known *specific* for Epileptic Fits.☞
☞Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness.☞
Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in delirium of fever.☞
☞Neutralizes germs of disease and sickness.
Cures ugly blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds.☞
☞Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, it is a charming and healthful Aperient.
Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad breath to good, removing cause.
☞Routs biliousness and clears complexion. Charming resolvent and matchless laxative.☞
It drives Sick Headache like the wind.☞
☞Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it.☞
Restores life-giving properties to the blood.☞
Is guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders.☞
☞Reliable when all opiates fail.☞
Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded.☞
☞Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand Leading physicians in U. S. and Europe.☞
Leading clergymen in U. S. and Europe.☞
Disease of the blood own it a conquered foe. For sale by all leading druggists. [illegible]
The Dr. S. A. Richmond Medical Co. [illegible] St. Joseph, Mo.
Chas. N. Crittenton, Agent, New York City.

Know

That BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure the worst case of dyspepsia.

Will insure a hearty appetite and increased digestion.

Cures general debility, and gives a new lease of life.

Dispels nervous depression and low spirits.

Restores an exhausted nursing mother to full strength and gives abundant sustenance for her child.

Strengthens the muscles and nerves, enriches the blood.

Overcomes weakness, wakefulness, and lack of energy

Keeps off all chills, fevers, and other malarial poison.

Will infuse with new life the weakest invalid.

37 Walker St., Baltimore, Dec. 1881.
For six years I have been a great sufferer from Blood Disease, Dyspepsia, and Constipation, and became so debilitated that I could not retain anything on my stomach, in fact, life had almost become a burden. Finally, when hope had almost left me, my husband seeing Brown's Iron Bitters advertised in the paper, induced me to give it a trial. I am now taking the third bottle and have not felt so well in six years as I do at the present time.
MRS. L. F. GRIFFIN.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will have a better tonic effect upon any one who needs "bracing up," than any medicine made.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COUGHS. "Clerville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.
JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.
HARVEY BAUGHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel."
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention

SELECT STORY.

THE HOUSE BY THE RIVER.

"And is this the end? Can we never be reconciled, Grace?"

"No. I shall never forgive you for marrying that girl, Charles; I cannot. You are my brother no longer. Farewell."

"Good-by, then, forever, if you will have it so. I had hoped that this interview would terminate very differently," and the young man left the room and the house.

His sister made a movement towards the door, as if to call him back, but her indomitable pride intervened; she restrained her desire, and walked up and down for nearly an hour, her features hard and set, her figure drawn to its fullest height, and, when at last, overcome by fatigue, she sank into a chair, only the words "Oh, my brother! my brother!" expressed the emotion she felt.

Long she sat there in the gathering darkness, gazing into the bright fire, thinking of the happy days of childhood passed with that brother, whom she had just turned from her door; thinking how, as the years had rolled on, and childhood had ripened into youth, they had been left motherless and fatherless, and had clung to each other with increased affection, being one in all their pursuits and pleasures; how, when the great wealth she now possessed had so unexpectedly passed into her hands, all her thoughts had been for him, all her plans for his comfort and happiness.

Her face had softened as her mind had dwelt on the past, but it became dark and hard again, as she thought of the events of the past month; how he, her idol, had withdrawn his allegiance from her, and bestowed his heart upon a pretty, doll-faced girl, whom he had married without her consent. No, she would never forgive him, never, though all the light had been taken from her life, and her future appeared nothing but loneliness and gloom.

The fire had gone out; the room was cold; and in the dim twilight shadowy forms seemed to be near her; a mother's face, with sad, pleading eyes, looked reproachfully at her; a father's voice, stern and sorrowful, seemed to denounce her for so heartlessly separating herself from her beloved brother, her only near relative.

She rose and went to the window overlooking the river. The evening was starless and damp; the wind was rising, and, as it moaned among the tall trees on the bank, Grace Kingstone thought how peacefully she could rest beneath those dark waters, free from all the bitter disappointments and heavy cares of her troubled life; she was only twenty-five, she might live to be an old woman, and what did she care for, since her brother's heart was won from her? Turning from the window, she rang the bell and ordered tea to be brought in.

The fire was rekindled, the curtains drawn, and the room, with its massive costly furniture and soft carpet, was comfortable and cosy; but the cheery voice and the hearty laugh which had once made the little tea-table so delightful, were gone, and the proud woman sat alone and in silence, endeavoring to eat and drink, but everything choked her, she pushed back her chair, took a book, and, crossing the hall, went into the parlor, where she spent two intermitable hours reading, or rather appearing to read.

"I cannot stand this," she thought, as she closed the book. "I cannot stay here among all these haunting memories; they will drive me mad. I will shut up the house and go to the city to-morrow." She rang the bell for the housekeeper, and gave all the necessary orders for her departure on the following day.

"Shall you be gone long, do you think, Miss Grace?" asked the old servant, who had been in the family for years, and who, since Miss Kingstone's lately acquired wealth, had risen to the rank of housekeeper.

"I shall not come back for a long time, Susan," answered her mistress. "I want everything kept in order while I am gone; the house and grounds must not go to ruin."

"Will Master Charlie be here or in the city, Miss Grace?"

"I do not know where he will be, and I wish you and all the servants to understand that his name must never be mentioned in my presence. He is dead to me. I have no brother."

"O Miss Grace, what would your poor mother say if she knew this?" and the old woman left the room sobbing.

The next day Miss Kingstone went to her city home. She took one last walk on the river bank, and round the house, but no mortal could tell from the cold, calm face, what was passing in her mind, as, pausing before she entered the carriage, she looked a long farewell at the large, handsome house, which had been her pride and delight and where she had spent such happy, happy hours.

Seventeen years passed by, bringing joy and sorrow, pleasure and pain, bearing on their wings that inseparable companion of Time, the King of Terrors, who ruthlessly froze with his icy breath alike old and young, the beautiful, the unloved, the irreligious, and the Christian, to whom alone he was divested of his sting.

And how had Time dealt with Grace Kingstone? The freshness of youth had long departed from her face, which, never beautiful, had become almost repelling in its cold, dark expression, and her life was even more entirely lonely than on the evening when she parted from her brother forever.

Forever! The word had never sounded so dreary as when, on the seventeenth anniversary of that memorable night, she sat in her elegantly-furnished boudoir in her city home, surrounded by all the luxuries that wealth could buy, her thoughts wandering back to the far-distant past, and she would have given all her possessions to be once again in the little, half-shabby parlor she remembered so well, with Charlie, her own Charlie, to love her as of old. She had never forgiven him; her heart had prompted her, many a time, to go to him, and beg him to forget her pride and bitterness, but she always conquered such longings, and settled down more hardened and unforgiving than before. If her brother had been poor, or in trouble, she would have been softened, and gone immediately to him; but he had been prosperous and happy, and a few years before had gone to a distant city with his wife and two children, since when, having made no inquiries, she had heard nothing of them.

How the wind whistled, and how the rain dashed against the window panes! Why did she start and tremble at every unwonted sound? What made her so nervous to-night? Did she hear her name called, or was it only imagination? Her hand trembled so that she could scarcely light the gas; she smiled grimly. "I am growing old," she muttered, "but I did not think I was quite so weak-minded."

The door-bell rang. It was nothing unusual, but Miss Kingstone turned pale, and stood quite still in the middle of the room, till the servant entered with the information that a boy wanted to see her.

"He looks poor, and is wet and shivering, ma'am, but he walked into the hall like a real gentleman, as he is, I'm sure."

"Bring him to me," said Miss Kingstone.

The servant bowed and retired, and in a few moments she ushered into the apartment a boy about sixteen, who advanced toward the lady, and then stopped, as if awed by her silence.

Grace turned her head, looked at him, and the whole expression of her face changed; she grasped the back of a chair to steady herself, her eye dilated, and when she spoke it was in a hollow, unnatural voice:

"Charlie, my brother, is it you? No, of course, it cannot be; but oh, how like he is! Who are you, boy?"

"My name is Fred Kingstone," answered the boy politely, "and I am your nephew, Aunt Grace."

"Why do you come to me, child? Have you run away from your parents, that you are dressed so shabbily for a gentleman's son? Do you want me to help you out of some scrape or debt?"

The boy held up his head proudly, but somewhat sadly, as he replied:

"No, madam; I have come to you with a letter from my father which I found among his papers after his death."

"His death!" almost shrieked Grace. "Oh, I have not understood you! Charlie cannot be dead; it is impossible!" Then bowing her head in her hands, she murmured, "Oh! this is too heavy a punishment! and yet I deserve it, I deserve it."

The boy stood looking at his aunt for some minutes, and then, seeing she did not move, he said, softly:

"Did you love my father so much, Aunt Grace? He always loved you to the last, and moved by a sudden impulse, he put his arm caressingly around her.

Miss Kingstone lifted her woe-stricken head, and gazed at the young, handsome face earnestly and lovingly.

"I have never kissed anyone since the last happy evening I spent with your father. Will you kiss me for his sake?"

She put her arms around his neck, and drawing him close to her, kissed him repeatedly, calling him her own darling Charlie, and the first tears she had shed for many years fell from her eyes when she saw how thin and worn he was, and what scanty, threadbare clothes he wore.

"You must have some supper, child," she said, "and I will send you back to your mother in my carriage, though I hate to part with you."

"My mother is dead, too," answered Fred, "there is no one left but Lilian, and I must go back to her now, she will be afraid to stay alone."

"We will both go back and bring her here," said his aunt, and while they were waiting for the carriage, she opened her dead brother's letter, which she read eagerly, her tears blinding her as she proceeded:

MY DEAR SISTER: I feel a dim foreboding to-night, that before many days have elapsed I shall be no more, and I am anxious and troubled about the future of my children, whom I leave without a protector, and entirely penniless. I am broken down in health and spirits by the troubles of the past year. First, I lost every cent I had in the world, and then my wife, whom you would have loved if you had known, died very suddenly. I have longed to see you incessantly, Grace, since we parted, and still hope we may meet and become reconciled before I die. Will you, for the sake of the old love, sister, take care of my poor children? They are good and very lovable, and I think that after my death all your bitterness toward me will be gone, and you will receive them kindly and affectionately. Forgive me for all the trouble I have caused you, and that God may bless you, Grace, darling, and bring you after this life, safe to heaven, prays your brother, who will love you through eternity.

CHARLIE.

Miss Kingstone and Fred were driven rapidly to an humble house in a narrow street. Fred ran up the stairs when they entered the house, his aunt following as quickly as she could in the uncertain light, and when they reached the landing, a door was opened, and a little girl appeared, saying:

"Is that you, Fred? What has kept you so long?" She stopped when she saw Miss Kingstone, and nestling against her brother, she looked at her shyly with blue eyes, from underneath the long lashes.

"This is our Aunt Grace, Lilian," said Fred. "She has been so kind to me, and has come all the way to see you this rainy night."

The child seemed very timid, but held out her hand to Grace, who kissed her, saying, "You are going to be my little girl now. I have been very lonely for seventeen years, and your dear father has left you both to me?"

Lillian looked up into her face and said, pressing the hand that held hers: "Yes, for I love you, Aunt Grace."

While the children hastily gathered together their few clothes, Grace sat watching them, and thinking how little she deserved the sweet affection which these two youthful hearts were so ready to bestow upon her, and she prayed silently and earnestly that, by caring for them and guarding them, she might atone in some small measure for her sin against her brother, now so far beyond the reach of her love.

Her stately house seemed a very different place to her when, about half an hour later, she sat listening to the voices of the two children as they talked to her and to each other, over their supper, and she felt that happiness had again come into her life, though it was of a quieter, graver nature than that of her youth had been.

Her life had been very much changed since her separation from Charlie; she had lived to herself and for herself; society had no charms for her, she never visited any one, and, consequently, was rarely troubled with company; but now Fred and Lilian occupied her thoughts almost entirely, giving her no time to brood over the sorrowful past, except sometimes at night, when the wind was high, she would think of the wrong she had done her brother, but her feeling of remorse was softened by the conscious ness that she was doing her duty to his children.

Lilian was very dear to her, but her affection for Fred was deeper and more tender; he was Charlie's image, and his manners and way of speaking daily so reminded her of his father, that she almost unconsciously bestowed upon the old, sacred love which had lain dormant but intense in her heart for so many years.

The winter glided rapidly by, and as summer approached, Miss Kingstone began to feel a longing for the old house by the river, which she had not seen since the morning, long ago, when she left it so sadly. The children, too, looked pale, and needed a change after their close confinement to their studies, and when she had spoke of it to them, at the breakfast table one day, their smiles of pleasure decided her. Servants were sent to put everything in order; and, by the middle of May, the city house was closed, and Miss Kingstone with her nephew and niece, started for the village of C——.

The two children ransacked the house almost immediately upon their arrival, and were enthusiastic in their exclamations of delight over the grand old rooms, the garden, and the river; keeping their aunt so busy answering their many questions that she found the return to the old associations which she had dreaded, in reality was not fraught with pain, and though her tears were often ready to start at the sight of some familiar, favorite nook, the old bitter feeling was gone. Charlie seemed nearer to her in heaven than on earth, when a wall of coldness and anger stood between them. Quietly the time glided away, and quietly, almost imperceptibly, but surely as the river flows into sea, Fred and Lilian Kinstone were passing from early youth towards manhood and woman hood, little dreaming, as they gazed with eager eyes into the future, of the temptation, the sin, the disappointments, the heavy trials, that awaited them in the world to which distance lends its brightest enchantment, letting the golden hours slip unheeded from their grasp, pressing onward, ever onward, never pausing one moment to breathe a sigh of regret for the receding shores of childhood, already becoming dim, and fast fading from their view.

"Forever with the Lord—
Amen, so let it be;
Life from the dead is in that word,
'Tis immortality."

Ten years later our story ends. In the library of the old house by the river, Miss Kingstone reclined upon a lounge drawn close beside the fire, her only companion being a young lady, who, seated upon an ottoman at her side, reads aloud and talks to her.

"How the wind howls to-night, Annie! It never before sounded so mournful but once, long ago. Don't you think Fred is very late? I suppose it is foolish, but since I have become so feeble, I am always imagining that some evil has happened to my boy. There! was not that his step? No, it was only the dried leaves falling on the path. I never used to be so fidgetty; it has all come to me since old Susan died. Poor old Susan! She was the last link that bound me to my old life, and now she is gone. I feel strangely to-night, Annie. I am not so very old, but I have a presentiment that my life is drawing near its close. But there is Fred at last. Go meet him, dear. His voice is music to me," she murmured, as Annie left the room; "like Charlie's; oh, so much like Charlie's! I have never forgotten it."

Fred stamped into the hall, tossed his hat upon the table, threw off his overcoat, and turned just in time to catch Annie in his arms and kiss her.

"Well," he said, "have you missed me to day, my darling little wife? and are you glad to see me?"

"Of course I am glad to see you; you know I always am; but listen to me one moment before you go into the library. I am afraid Aunt Grace is not quite so well this evening. She is very pale, and her eyes are hollow and unnatural."

A shade of anxiety crossed Fred's face, and he hurried into the library where he found Miss Kingstone sitting up, with a bright smile of welcome ready for him. Kissing her affectionately, Fred said:

"I have some pleasant news for you, auntie. Philip is going to bring Lilian up to see you this evening. They intended coming this morning, but Phil could not get off."

Miss Kingstone seemed pleased, and said, looking thoughtfully into the fire:

"I am glad, very glad, to have all my children with me to-night. I almost feared I would never see Lilian again."

"Oh, nonsense, auntie!" said Fred, trying to hide his anxiety. "You will see her very often yet, I don't doubt, but you are nervous, and no wonder. I never heard the wind roar so tremendously. It is a dismal sort of night."

Lilian and her husband Philip arrived half an hour later, in time for tea, and when the little group gathered around the table, Aunt Grace lay on her lounge, watching them closely and earnestly, with a grave, almost troubled look on her countenance, which, however, gradually gave place to one of peace and trustfulness, as she banished all anxious thoughts of those dear ones, and resigned them into the hands of the Lord, knowing that He would not chasten nor afflict them unnecessarily, but would guide them safely through "The vale of tears" into their everlasting home, where sorrow, pain and death should be forever unknown.

She closed her eyes, and her mind wandered back to the far-off past—back to that night when she had voluntarily bidden a long farewell to Charlie; and as she recalled his parting words, so sadly spoken, the old bitter remorse returned fourfold, and in vain she endeavored to still it by thinking of the kind, forgiving letter her brother had written just before his death; of the care she had taken of his children; of their love and gratitude to her—all but intensified her pain. She turned restlessly on her lounge and heaved a deep sigh.

"Grace," said a voice close beside her, "Grace, my sister."

The tones of that long silent voice thrilled her to her inmost soul; she seemed oppressed, as if by a weight: but at length, with a great effort she slowly opened her eyes.

Her nephews and nieces were gone; a subdued, silvery radiance shone about her, and, at the foot of the lounge stood Charlie, gazing at her with a face expressive of the deepest, holiest affection. Just as she had last seen him, save that the glorious purity of immortal youth and beauty were now his, and that all traces of sadness had departed from his brow, which beamed with sincerity upon her. "Charlie, my darling," she murmured, "oh, tell me, is there forgiveness for me?"

The vision pointed upwards to a cross suspended in the air and answered:

"The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all sin."

Grace's eyelids drooped irresistibly, and she sobbed aloud for very joy, till she was conscious of some one bending over her, bathing her head, and begging her to speak. Loving faces were gathered around her, and Lilian told her, gently carressing her, that she had frightened them very much by talking and crying in her sleep.

Grace took Fred's hand in one of her own, stroked his hair softly with the other for awhile, and then said:

"O Fred, my darling child, don't grieve so! Think what an old woman I am, and what a fair country I am hastening to. You have been good children to me, you and Lilian, and my best comforts, but I have reached the end of my journey, am weary, so weary! My life has been sadly marred by mistakes, unkindness and bitter feelings, but I trust it is all forgiven and blotted out by the blood of the Lamb. Kiss me good-night now, all of you, my children, and receive your old aunt ies last blessing."

There was an empty lounge standing in the corner when the four met again next morning, and many were the tears shed as their glances wandered in its direction, but their grief was chastened and softened by thoughts of the happiness of that redeemed soul in Paradise, and there was not one heart that could not say, "The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord."

And thus it came to pass that the house by the river, once the scene of a heartless separation, caused by pride and prejudice, became the witness of a grand reunion, over which the angels might have bent in holy joy, and contemplated with ineffable love.—*Lady's Magazine.*

A Wicked Joke.

HOW AN OIL EXCHANGE DUDE WAS IMPOSED UPON.

The members of the New York Oil Exchange are a rather swell set of young men, but the lead in the matter of clothes is taken by a youth known as "the dude," whose name is witheld for the sake of his relatives. This dude strolled into the Exchange during a dull hour yesterday, and Solomon in all his glory was never arrayed like one of him. To begin near the bottom his feet (the dude's, not Solomon's) were encased in the glossiest of patent leathers; his trousers fitted like the paint on a lampost; his coat had never a crease from tail to top; his linen was startched until it shone, and his collar was perfection itself, and raised his chin so that he could only gaze at the floor at the hazard of cutting his throat. But his tout ensemble, so to speak, was completed and set off by the darlingest silk hat imaginable, with the broadest and most curling of brims and a beautifully bulgent top. Altogether he was radiantly, dizzlingly beautiful. The dude stopped near the middle of the floor, struck an attitude much affected by garden statuary, and gazed serenely and pityingly upon his commonplace fellow-brokers. But, horror of horrors! A rude man came behind him and jerked the silken tile from his head, and the next moment it was thrown to the floor, had received a vicious kick, and a dozen brokers were running after it. They surrounded it, and away it sailed again toward the ceiling with the entire membership of the Exchange, save only the owner, in wild pursuit. Round and round the floor gamboled the merry brokers with the hat before them. Now it was suffering in their midst, then it shot over the floor with desperate efforts to escape, only to be overtaken again, trampled, kicked, and trodden until it presented an appearance as if it had been laid down on by a cow and then spent a summer under a dust-heap, and the gay brokers were tired out and perspiring. The dude during this terrible period stood agast, and, with horror depicted in every feature, turned in frozen despair as the gambols of his wicked associates led them to the four cardinal points of the room's compass. But when a grinning messenger brought him the battered corpse of his precious dicer he forced a smile which was only a desolate mockery of happiness and remarked: "Aw dawn't care anyway. It was an old hawt." Then the rude man who had torn the tile from the unhappy adolescent's head approached and handed the silken hat uninjured, and the dude learned that he had been the victim of a wicked joke. An old hat had been substituted on the floor, while the joker held the victim's tile behind his back. And it came to pass that the noise of unholy laughter was so great as to jar the ticker into the tape-basket, and the dude will wear a Derby hat to day and forever after while on the floor of the Exchange.

A cat's cries wakened a canal boat captain and family at New Haven. The boat had filled and was sinking. Sixteen lives were thus saved.

The farmer makes hay, while the sun shines behind a dry goods counter.

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1883.

Niles' majority for Auditor General is 16,732, and Livsey's majority for State Treasurer is 19,705

Stay-at-Homes.

From the Harrisburg Patriot, Dem.

It seems to have been a question between the two parties which could leave the greater number of voters at home on election day and at the same time elect its ticket. The Republicans did their level best in refusing to vote, but the Democrats were resolved to beat them at that game, and they succeeded so well that they left the Republican ticket in a majority. When it comes to a match of malingering on election day it is always safe to bet on the Democrats, especially those resident in the city of Philadelphia. They are particularly certain to win the match if their party is in a hand-to-hand conflict with its antagonist and when their presence at the polls is needed the most.

The New York *World* prints a pyramidal forecast of the vote of the several states for president next year. It looks rather gloomy for the republicans. The *Tribune* could not have seen these pyramids when it said that "republican success next year is possible." The *World's* take this shape, and the two together look like the coffin of the republican party:

THE DEMOCRATIC COLUMN.

OHIO.
TEXAS.
NEVADA.
FLORIDA.
GEORGIA.
OREGON.
VIRGINIA.
ALABAMA.
INDIANA.
MISSOURI.
ARKANSAS.
LOUISIANA.
DELEWARE.
KENTUCKY.
MISSISSIPPI.
MARYLAND.
TENNESSEE.
CALIFORNIA.
NEW YORK.
NEW JERSEY.
WEST VIRGINIA.
SOUTH CAROLINA.
NORTH CAROLINA.

Twenty-three states, with 250 electoral votes. Necessary to a choice, 201.

THE REPUBLICAN COLUMN.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
MASSACHUSETTS.
CONNECTICUT.
PENNSYLVANIA.
RHODE ISLAND.
MINNESOTA.
WISCONSIN.
COLORADO.
NEBRASKA.
VERMONT.
MICHIGAN.
ILLINOIS.
KANSAS.
MAINE.
IOWA.

Fifteen states, with 151 electoral votes.

Final Adjournment.

When the House was called to order on Tuesday morning Mr. Ziegler offered the following: *Resolved* if the senate concur, that the Legislature will adjourn *sine die* on Wednesday, December 5th at 12[1] o'clock, noon.

Mr. Nicholson moved to postpone the resolution for the present, and nearly every republican voted for postponement. The resolution was finally agreed to, after some discussion.

In the evening the committee on appropriation reported the following bill.

Pay and mileage of senators	$94,449 00
Stationary for senate	500 00
Pay of officers and employes, including clerks	20,020 00
Mileage for officers	871 50
Pay of pages	1,820 00
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on record	80 00
Contingent expenses senate	3,640 00
Indexing journal	60 00
Total	$121,740 50
Pay and mileage of members	$378,038 43
Stationary	2,020 00
Pay and mileage of officers	20,839 80
Pay of pages	1,638 00
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on Record	160 00
Contingent expenses	5,450 00
Indexing journal	100 00
Legislative Record	6,560 00
Indexing Record	150 00
Total	$415,296 28

Included in the total charged to the house are the items of the Legislative Record and indexing same amounting to $6,710, which are joint expenses. In addition the bill covers items of $11 for the sergeant-at-arms of the house for serving subpœnas and $30 for the same officer of the senate for similar services.

The aggregate sum embodied in the bill is $536,946.73.

Washington Claimants.

FLOCKING TO THE CAPITAL TO PREPARE FOR THE COMING SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—One could tell that the meeting of Congress was not far off from the way certain persons begin to make their appearance. For ever so many years they have besieged Congress with claims of nearly every description, and for amounts ranging from a thousand dollars to a million. Some of them have been here twenty years, if not longer. The ranks are kept good by new cases as one after another drops out. Favorable action by Congress in one case will inspire all the rest with hope and the determination to stick. Not one of them doubts but that his turn is bound to come yet. Claims growing out of the war are the more numerous class. These grow with time. A war claim is equal in value to the average of mining plants. It depends quite as much how such a claim is worked as on the character of the proof supporting it. Some claims ripen with age; the older they are the better. A large claim stands a far better chance than a comparatively small one. A claim that is not large enough to divide up and create the promise of a good thing for several parties has a poor show unless it has an independent money backing. A claim that is large enough to divide up is a self-propelling power. It will find friends. A claim is often farmed out to a ring of lobby brokers which includes one or more able lawyers familiar with all the intricacies of that sort of practice. They go at it systematically, and are content if the first time they can get the claim before a committee, even though no action is taken. That much is counted as progress, and so it is. The next time a report, with or without a recommendation, is obtained, and nothing more comes of it for that time. Next time it gets a set back from an unfavorable report. But that does not discourage the syndicate, who are prepared for that. The next time the attempt is made to have the matter referred to a select committee. If it succeeds, it is a piece of good fortune; it is a favorable method. By this time some new proof has probably been discovered.

Papers heretofore missing have been found. After a while a bill is reported, which, however, is not considered for want of time, or through persistence of some objector at the only time when it could be got up. But no one is discouraged yet except the poor claimant who has spent his time and money hanging around Washington winter after winter, until he can do it no longer, and yet not knowing what else to do. And so he comes and goes year after year, and so do the contracting syndicate, who, with a number of jobs on their hands, manage to make a business of it and pay expenses. But the poor claimant, the victim of hope deferred, having no such arrangement, is getting poorer every year, though the syndicate assure him that the prospect is brightening. And so it is in one view; for now and then a claim of this description does go through, either by the direct and conclusive action of Congress, or by being referred to the Court of Claims. After that there is another and peculiar experience. Managers of claims consider the Court of Claims a good place to be. The reasons are various and familiar to those who have gone through the mill. How inadequately the government is represented in this Court outsiders little understand. Claims that have been pushed in the lobby by women have had exceptionally good luck. Women are believed to be more persistent than men. Cases are cited of claims abandoned by experienced lobbymen after a faithful trial, that have been put through by female influence. There is one such case before the Court of Claims at the present moment for a large amount, which owes its success, after repeated failures, to this character or effort and influence. Few claims are totally abandoned. A claim for cotton or other property destroyed in the war has ever been regarded as good property. Men have lived for years on a claim of this description, obtaining money from time to time by pledging an interest in the claim. One case is given where the original claim, which was spread over every inch of fact drawn out to its utmost capacity, has been enlarged and pledged to pay expenses and enlarged again. One such claim was put through a few years ago after the original claimant had, little by little, sold himself out. The syndicate that floated it got the money and made a good thing by the operation. It would not be right to infer that all claims, or even a majority of them, are fraudulent. Some of them, many perhaps, are founded in justice. What heartaches have attended the failing endeavor to push them year after year! But for professional claimants the prospect this time is not a good one. The House is largely Democratic.

Fraudulent Pension Attorneys.

THE MANNER IN WHICH THEY CONDUCT THEIR BUSINESS AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Commissioner Dudley has sent a letter to Secretary Teller presenting the case of Roux & English, pension attorneys, for disbarment, which really covers nearly all the case thus far made up. Its prompt approval by Secretary Teller practically carries with it the disbarment of nearly all the firms yet reported for suspension.

In the letter Mr. Dudley says the charges against Roux & English are "false and fraudulent representation pertaining to the Pension laws, records in their extraordinary facilities for the prosecution of pension claims." He says there has arisen a class of claim agents who have solicited business by the most flaunting and disreputable methods of advertisements, and adds that they admit having surreptitiously obtained a copy of the executive document called "Printed Pension List" from an employee of the Senate.

The members of the firm are two boys, scarcely of age, who sign the circulars fraudulently as members of the Grand Army of the Republic, "Yours in F., C. and L.," when, in point of fact, it is doubtful if they were born when the war began.

Martin Luther.

The celebration of the four hundreth anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther, which took place last Saturday, November 10, has awakened a new interest in his history and the work he accomplished.

He was born on the 10th of November, 1483, of humble parentage, at Eisleben, Saxony. There was little remarkable about him as a boy. Others were as studious and capable, and when he attended the University at Erfurt it is doubtful if he was any more proficient in his studies than is many a young collegian of to-day. But he was a conscientious student, who wanted an original knowledge of all things, and there was a mighty energy and determination about him which could not be put down when once aroused. While in the Augustine Convent at Erfurt, he conceived an idea but for which he might have passed his life in the seclusion of the cloister. He went through a spiritual crisis, revolving in his mind the teachings of the church and poring over the old books in the library, and it was then that a conviction took root in his soul that sins could be forgiven through the grace of God.

It was little thought by the people of Wittenberg that the young man in sacerdotal robes who advanced such strange ideas, in lecturing at the University, was to make the town famous in history, and change the thought of the world. It was in Wittenberg that he nailed the ninety-five theses against the sale of indulgences upon the gate of the church, and offered to maintain them in the university against all impugners. At Wittenberg he published those famous addresses and treatises about the year 1520, which sewed the seed of reformation abroad in the land. It was there, too, that he burnt the theses of Tetzel and the Pope's bull at the gate of the city. All Germany was convulsed with excitement, and Luther was summoned before the diet at Worms. With heroic courage he resolved to obey the summons. In spite of the threats of enemies and the anxiety of friends he attended the diet and defined his position to the assembled sovereigns. He closed his speech with these famous words: "Here I take my stand. I can do no otherwise, so help me God. Amen." Despite the awful menace of the Pope and the Priests, Luther continued to scatter the seeds of reform, and his eloquence, courage and power, displayed on many famous occasions, determined the fortunes of the Reformation. About the last important act of his life was the maintenance of his peculiar views in regard to the sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the famous conference of Marburg, and in February, 1546, sixteen years after, he died.

The people of Wittenberg held a celebration in advance of the official commemoration on the 12th of September. It was a great day for this old town, where Luther first made public his convictions and defended them. About fifteen thousand people were present, among whom were the Crown Prince Frederick William, Prince Albrecht and Herr Von Gossler, Minister of Ecclesiastical affairs.

In America his birthday was celebrated everywhere, and in some cities the celebration continued two or three days.

On the 13th of April, 1525, Martin Luther married Catharine de Bora, a nun in the Cisterian convent of Nimptchen, which she had entered at an early age. She was born on the 30th of January, 1499. After she had become acquainted with the doctrines of Luther she was no longer content with monastic life, and determined to withdraw from it. Her relatives refused to permit such an action, and with eight other nuns she applied to Luther for assistance. He secured their liberty in 1523, and coming to Wittenberg, Catherine became an inmate in the house of a burgomaster. Through his friend Nicholas Von Amsdorf, Luther offered her the hand of a pastor in Orlamuende. She declined this offer, but declared herself willing to marry Van Ormsdorf or Luther himself. Soon after this the great reformer took her for his wife despite the protest of both friends and enemies. His will left her all his possessions so long as she remained a widow, which, as it seems, was not a very liberal power, for after Luther's death the Elector of Saxony and Christian III. of Denmark contributed from time to time to her support. Her death occurred at Torqua on the 20th of December, 1552.

Imprisoned too Long.

THE CONFESSION OF A LAWYER THAT SECURED THE PARDON OF TWO LIFE PRISONERS.

In the summer of 1865 Thomas Howard and James E. Sherwood entered the house of an old man living in Livingston county New York, and beat and robbed him. They were overtaken and arrested on charges of housebreaking just as they were on the point of boarding a Panama steamer in New York harbor, but before they could be lodged in the Livingston County Jail the old man, the victim of their robbery, died. The charge was then changed to murder in the first degree and the prisoners were sentenced to life imprisonment. Recently the District Attorney who prosecuted them wrote to Governor Cleveland, stating that when the case came before him he was a young lawyer with few briefs. Flushed by recent political preferment and being ambitious of making a record he did these men a wrong which he does not hope to expiate in this world. The physician who made the post-mortem examination, he wrote, reported to him that the old man died of lingering consumption, and the slight violence that he suffered at the hands of Sherwood and Howard had not the remotest connection with his death. The Prosecuting Attorney requested the physician, who was his personal friend and an irresponsible quack, to never make the result public, and immediately drew up papers charging the prisoners with murder in the first degree.

The two men, ignorant of the innocence of the charge and frightened at the prospect of the gallows, went before the Judge and pleaded guilty and were hustled off to Albany prison in the fall of 1865, precisely eighteen years ago, and locked up for life.

No one connected with the case now lives excepting the Prosecuting Attorney, who confesses that his action has "harrassed him in nightmare and clouded his days" and who professes to be anxiously desirous now in his old age of wiping out the "damned spot" as nearly as possible. The Governor was instantly moved by the pitiful and plausible story and to-day liberated the two men who unjustly were imprisoned. Long confinement had stamped out their hopes, bent their backs and silvered their hair. They are again permitted to walk out into a strange land and among strange people. One left this evening for the western part of the State, where he joins his little family, and the other goes to Washington Territory. The men served full fifteen years more than they would had they been justly prosecuted on the charge of house-breaking.

ITEMS.

The funeral of ex Senator Randolph, of New Jersey, took place at Morristown, Saturday afternoon.

A lump of coal weighing hundreds of pounds rolled down a schute in the North Ashland colliery and crushed Herman Grunner so badly that it was thought he would die.

In the case of Chang, the Chinese giant, who arrived at New York from Europe Friday, Collector Robertson has decided that he was not a Chinese laborer within the meaning of the law, and could therefore land.

E. B. Haines, publisher of the Altoona *Call*, has been held under $500 bail to answer in court the charge of publishing lottery advertisements.

During the celebration of a Moorish festival at Tangier, a stone thrown by a Moor struck a French charge de affairs. The latter demanded punishment of the offender and the payment of £200 for the benefit of the poor, and the dismissal of the governor of Tangier as satisfaction for the insult.

The bi-centennial celebration committee, at Stapleton, Long Island, have arranged to place all available historical data concerning Staten Island, in a strong copper box which will be kept sealed in the county clerk's office, and opened the 1st of November, 1983, at the tri-centennial.

A human skull has been unearthed in West Virginia which measures forty inches around the head. The skeleton is supposed to have been fourteen feet high.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THERESSA BAYLOR, DECEASED.

In the Orphan's court of Columbia county.

The undersigned auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator, arising from the sale of real estate in proceedings in partition will sit in the discharge of the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg at ten o'clock in the forenoon upon the twenty-seventh day of November 1883, where and when all parties interested in said fund are requested to be and present their claims, or be debarred from any share of the same.

PAUL E. WIRT, Auditor.
Nov 9

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

A HOME DRUGGIST

TESTIFIES.

Popularity at home is not always the best test of merit, but we point proudly to the fact that no other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The following letter from one of our best known Massachusetts druggists should be of interest to every sufferer:—

RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I had an attack of Rheumatism, so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without much if any relief, until I took AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by the use of two bottles of which I was completely cured. Have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, and it still retains its wonderful popularity. The many notable cures it has effected in this vicinity convince me that it is the best blood medicine ever offered to the public. E. F. HARRIS."
River St., Buckland, Mass., May 15, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, overseer in the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years before his removal to Lowell afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLEMAN *Business*
COLLEGE. NEWARK. N. J.

20 minutes of New York. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life Scholarship, $40. Write for circulars.
Nov 16-4w r

OIL WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, ETC.,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,
85 & 87 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.
Nov 16-4w r

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!

This Season's New Descriptive Catalogue & Price List of

Plays, Dramas, Farces, Guild Books, Scenery (Paper), Speakers, Ethiopian Dramas, Tableaux Lights, Colored Fire, Pantomime, Burnt Cork, Wigs, Beard, &c.

Including many Novelties! Largest Assortment in the World.

In fact, everything for Amateur Theatricals. SAMUEL FRENCH & SON, 38 E. 14th St., New York.
Nov. 16-4w r

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE OUR NEW Fancy work at their homes, in city or country, and earn $6 to $12 per week, making goods for our Fall and Winter trade. Send 15c., for sample and particulars. HUDSON MFG. CO., 265 Sixth Ave., New York.
Nov 16-4w r

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-eighth volume with the December Number. It is the most popular illustrated periodical in America and England, always fully abreast of the times in its treatment of subjects of current social and industrial interest, and always advancing its standard of literary, artistic, and mechanical excellence. Among its attractions for 1884 are: a new serial novel by WILLIAM BLACK, illustrated by ABBEY; a new novel by E. P. ROE, illustrated by GIBSON and DIELMAN; descriptive illustrated papers by GEORGE H. BOUGHTON, FRANK D. MILLET, C. H. FARNHAM, and others; important historical and biographical papers; short stories by W. D. HOWELLS, CHARLES READE, &c.,

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HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

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Nov 16-4w d

POETS Burns, 50c.; Byron, 50c. Mrs. Browning, 50c.; Campbell, 40c.; Chaucer, 60c.; Coleridge, 60c.; Cowper, 60c.; Dante, 50c.; Dryden, 50c.; Goethe, 70c.; Goldsmith, 50c.; Hemans, 50c.; Iliad and Odyssey, 70c.; Hood, 50c.; Ingelow, 50c.; Keats, 40c.; Meredith, 50c.; Milton, 50c.; Moore, 60c.; Pope, 50c.; Poe, 40c.; Schiller, 40c.; Scott, 50c.; Tennyson, 60c.; Virgil, 45c.; and others. Fine cloth binding. Sent for examination before payment on evidence of good faith. Catalogue free. NOT sold by dealers. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 18 Vesey St., New York.
Nov 16-4w d

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SIMON FRY, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Simon Fry deceased, late of Centre township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

SAMUEL HEIDLAY,
Light Street, Col. co., Pa. Executor.
Nov 16-6w*

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN,

$1.50 A YEAR

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 29th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 3rd day of Dec. next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 3rd day of Dec. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 2nd day of Nov. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and in the one hundred and eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, JOHN MOUREY,
Bloomsburg, Nov—2 to Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Dec. 3, 1883.

At 2 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in Fishingcreek township Columbia county Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the North by public road leading from Orangeville to Jonestown, on the East by public road leading from Huntington creek to State road, on the South by lands of the estate of Cornelius Coleman, and on the West by lands of C. E. Price, containing one-fourth acre of land more or less, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house and stable.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Cyrus Robbins at the suit of the Fishingcreek School District.

Miller Atty's. Fi Fa.

ALSO

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Market and Sixth streets of the said Town, thence by the south side of said Sixth street south sixty-five degrees west four hundred and fourteen feet to the line of Jefferson street produced, thence southwardly along said east line of Jefferson street to the right of way of the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, thence along the right of way of said Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company to the west side of Market street aforesaid, thence by said Market street aforesaid, north twenty-six degrees west one hundred and fifty-five feet and six inches to the place of beginning, upon which are erected two large three-story brick buildings, occupied as a dwelling and Sanitarium, and a two-story brick stable, with frame stable attached, with other improvements and outbuildings. On the said premises are fruit and other trees and vines, and the buildings are fitted up with water and gas pipes.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Albert L. Turner, at the suit of Peter Baldy, *et al.*, against said Turner.

Barkley, Atty. Fi. Fa.

ALSO.

All that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situated in Locust township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a stone and running from thence by lands of F. Helwig & Co., South fifty-three degrees, East 16 perches, four tenths, along a road thence along the same, South fifty degrees East, six perches and two-tenths to a stone on Peter Helwig's land, thence by the same North, fifty and one-fourth degrees East eleven perches to Roaring Creek, thence down the same to lands of Jeremiah Beringer, North twenty-seven degrees West twenty perches, North twenty-four and one quarter West eleven perches, North fifty-four degrees, West three and four tenths, North fifty degrees and three quarters, West ten perches and eight-tenths, North sixty-five and a fourth, West six perches in the middle of Roaring Creek and thence by land of John Yeager, South fifty-one degrees, West thirty-one perches, and three-tenths to the place of beginning. Containing eight acres and one hundred and forty-six perches, strict measure, whereon is erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house, good barn and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of Mary Snyder vs John Derr, and to be sold as the property of the said John Derr.

Ikeler, Atty'y Vend. Ex.
JOHN MOUREY,
Nov 9 Sheriff.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

To all my creditors and whomsoever concerned, notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county for the benefit of, and discharge under, the insolvent laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and that the said Court has appointed the first day of next term (being the first Monday of December 1883) for the time of making my application for final discharge and hearing before the said Court at the Town of Bloomsburg, in said county, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

W. G. CREVELING.
Nov. 7, 1883. nov 9-3t

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENG-TRADE MARK LISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper: the only genuine.

☞Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☜The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.
Nov 9-1y

IT WILL PAY YOU

To call, inspect and compare our large and complete stock of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES' COATS, &c.,
Before purchasing.

HANDSOME PRESENTS
To every Purchaser.
No trouble to show goods.

Every person purchasing of us will receive a numbered ticket, entitling them to a chance in any of the handsome prizes which can now be seen in our windows. Prizes to be awarded on Christmas day. Call and see these prizes and tell your neighbors about them.

Don't forget the place.

M. LEVY & CO.

Successor to M. A. LOEB.
Kings of the Clothing Trade,
122. WEST FRONT STREET. 122.
BERWICK.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH DELONG, LATE OF ORANGE TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Elizabeth DeLong, deceased, late of Orange township Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Thomas McHenry. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned with out delay.

THOMAS McHENRY,
Orangeville, Col. county, Pa. Executor.
Oct. 26

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF C. P. HARDER, LATE OF CATAWISSA, DECEASED.

The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of Clinton Ellis committee of C. P. Harder a lunatic, will meet the parties interested at the office of Rhawn & Robbins in the town of Catawissa on Saturday November 24th, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all parties having claims upon said fund will appear and present the same, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the same.

R. BUCKINGHAM
Nov. 2-ts Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HANNAH PIATT, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, November 17, 1883 at 10 o'clock a. m. when and where all parties interested in said estate must appear and present their claims or be thereafter debarred from any share of said fund.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN,
Oct., 26-4w Auditor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF RICHARD KILE, DECEASED

Letters testamentary in the estate of Richard Kile, deceased, late of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Penn., have been granted by the Register of said county to Zephaniah L. Kile and Katurah A. Herlinger. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

ZEPHANIAH L. KILE,
KATURAH A. HERLINGER,
October 12-6w* Executors.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between McHenry & Krickbaum, of Benton, has been dissolved by mutual consent. And all persons having accounts with said firm will please call on the undersigned and make settlement. The business will hereafter be carried on by McHenry & Carey.

IRA McHENRY.
Nov, 2-3w

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HENRY DEICHMILLER DECEASED.

And now September 26th 1883 on petition of Henry Deichmiller a son and heir of said deceased, and by agreement of all parties in interest, C. G. Barkley, Esq., is appointed auditor to make distribution of said estate to and amongst the parties legally entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the Records this 9th day of October 1883.

W. ERICKBAUM, Clerk.

In pursuance of said appointment the undersigned will sit at his office in Brower's building, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, November 20, 1883, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested must appear and present their claims, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

C. G. BARKLEY,
Oct., 26-4w Auditor.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Joanna Kemerer by her next friend, &c., vs. George Kemerer. Sur libel in divorce.

To George Kemerer, respondent above named: Whereas upon the libel of the said Joanna Kemerer a subpœna was issued out of the said Court commanding you to be and appear at the next regular term of said court to show cause why the said libelant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony contracted with you; and whereas upon return of said subpœna due proof was made that you could not be found in the bailiwick of the Sheriff of said county, whereupon an *alias* subpœna was awarded by said Court commanding you to appear at the then next term of said Court to answer as aforesaid, to which the same return was made by the Sheriff. You are therefore required to be and appear on the first day of the next term of said Court to be held at Bloomsburg for said county on the first Monday of December next, A. D. 1883, to answer said complaint.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.
November 5th, 1883.
Rhawn & Robins, Att'y. nov 9

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned administrator of Milton Mosteller, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises on

Saturday, Dec. 1st, '83.

At 9 o'clock a. m., the following tract of land situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the east by land of J. W. Bowman, on the south by the road leading from Berwick to Rittenhouse's mill, on the north by road leading to Berwick, containing

4 Acres,

on which are erected a

FRAME DWELLING, STABLE

and outbuildings. A good blacksmith shop on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

A. B. CROOP,
Nov 9 Administrator.

GRAND JURORS

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Bloom—Harrison Shaffer, N S Tingley, John D Jones, W M Rhoadamoyer, Charles Hauck, Geo. Hassert.
Berwick—Levi Bredbenner.
Briarcreek—Daniel Purnell.
Catawissa—Fred Pfahler.
Center—I J Hess.
Centralia—John Moran.
Fishingcreek—Hiram Karns, Geo. Heath.
Hemlock—H B Hartman.
Locust—Rolandus Herbine, Amandus Billig.
Madison—James Kisner, Amos Johnson, Baltis Sterling.
Main—Charles Fisher.
Mt Pleasant—Henry Kitchen.
Orange—M H Patterson, Silas Conner.
Scott—M C McCollum.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—Daniel Singley, Jr.
Berwick—David Baucher, Okley Smith, Wm. Hagenbuch, Daniel Reedy.
Bloom—Henry Rosenstock, S W Shutt, George Warr, P S Moyer, Charles Hendershott, L D Kase.
Catawissa—Wm Berkheimer.
Centre—Benjamin Sterner, H A Sweppenheiser.
Greenwood—E L Eves, A J Derr.
Hemlock—Mathias Whitenight.
Jackson—F M Parker.
Locust—Jonas Roup, Isaac Dyer, Isaiah Hower.
Madison—Chester Johnson, David Philips.
Main—Wm Mensinger, Elias Shuman.
Montour—Isaac Mowery, Daniel Fry.
Roaringcreek—Henry C Helwig.
Scott—F P Kelley, S W Boone, H C Kelchner, Abraham Snyder, J H Townsend.
Sugarloaf—Richard Kile, Chas D Carpenter.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—John Rice.
Bloom—Jacob Hartzell, S D Boone, Z R Shultz, Augustus Friend, John Gardner, Wm Dietterich, J W Fry.
Benton—Evan Buckalew, James Long.
Catawissa—Wm Hartman, D W Walter, E B Guie.
Conyngham—Edward Hughes.
Franklin—Jerry Kostenbauder.
Greenwood—G B Thomas, James Lockard, T S Christian, A P Heller.
Fishingcreek—George Labor, Benjamin Golder, Frank Jones.
Jackson—John Rantz.
Locust—Jeremiah Snyder.
Madison—John Retchard, D C Welliver, Cyrus Dennott.
Main—David S Brown.
Mifflin—E Sweppenheiser, Samuel Drum.
Orange—B F Bartch.
Pine—Luther German.
Roaringcreek—David Long, Jacob Longenberger.
Scott—John Gerch.
Sugarloaf—Wm B Peterman.

TRIAL LIST.

FOR DECEMBER TERM 1883

Sarah A Hinterliter vs Charles D Kaler.
S P Kase & S P Wolverton use, vs D H & W Railroad Co.
J J Evans vs Charles Krug.
Orangeville M S F & L Association vs Joseph A Henrie, et al.
William F Bibby vs Isaac Seesholtz, et al.
Catharine Schnatz use, vs Wm F Bibby.
Z S Robbins vs G M & J K Lockard.
J M Smith assignee vs Calvin Clark et ux.
W G Yetter Ex vs William Yeager.
George Bevan vs L A Riley & Co.
The Singer M'f'g Co vs Martha Bellas.
John Sheatter vs Philip Springer.
Casper Rhawn's admr vs N & W B Ry Co.
Isaac Weckerley's Exr vs Daniel B Fredericks.
Fred Smith et al vs N & W B R'y Co.
Ephraim Kramer vs N & W B R'y Co.
C B Brockway's assignee vs N & W B Ry Co.
D A Hess vs N & W B R'y Co.
Daniel Walter vs J P Lewis.
Chas S Reichard vs Chas Klingerman.
Aaron Bogart vs Peter Bogart.
Lloyd Shuman vs N & W B R'y Co.
Henry Harner et ux vs N & W B Ry Co.
Andrew Creveling vs William Thomas.
Levi Kurtz vs Joseph Beam et ux.
Daniel F Seybert vs George Breisch.
Gideon Stecker's Adm vs Thomas Hickey.
Stephen Wolf vs Jno M Miller.
Allias Cole vs Sarah Hess.
Jacob Haines vs N & W B Ry Co.
H G Yetter vs N & W B Ry Co.
H V Garret vs

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 36 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 36 p. m.	6 13 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 26 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 47 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 36 p. m.	4 30 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m train connects at Northumberland with 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:20 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading R'y at Rupert at 1:25 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania R'y at North Umberland at 1:10 reaching Philadelphia at 7:05 p. m

The 4:30 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:30 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:41 a. m	12:01 p. m.
6:31 p. m	7:07 p. m.

Public Sales.

Henry F. Oman, executor of George Oman, late of Scott township, will sell valuable real estate on the premises, on Saturday, November 24th, 1883. A farm of 170 acres. See advertisement.

Personal.

Rev. George F. Breed has resigned the Rectorship of Christ Church, Danville.

Judge J. H. Orvis has resigned the office of President Judge of Centre county, and Gov. Pattison has appointed Adam Hoy Esq., to fill the vacancy.

Col. Jamison, Col. Ricketts and Mr. Wilson went up to the North Mountain on Monday in the interest of the Fishingcreek railroad.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lingle and infant son of Bellefonte, came over last week to visit Mrs. L's family. Mr. Lingle returned home leaving his family here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Albertson of Fairmount Springs returned on Wednesday from Iowa where they have been visiting the past two months.

The first snow of the season fell on Monday. It was a blustering, wintry day.

Henry Delong will have a public sale on his premises in Centre on the 20th inst.

FOR SALE.—A steam engine nearly new, six horse power. Inquire at this office.

The contract for erecting the new rectory of the Episcopal church has been awarded to Charles Krug.

A full line of pocket books and purses for ladies or gentlemen just opened at the COLUMBIAN store.

We omit the notice of a marriage in Madison because no name is signed to the communication.

Fine visiting cards with name printed on, 20, 25, 30 and 40 cents per pack of 25 cards, at the COLUMBIAN office.

R. C. Johnson of Lightstreet, has in his possession a book printed in 1693. It is an "Explanatory catechism, or an explanation of the Assemblis Shorter Catechism."

Jurymen and others who have business at court will find it to their interest to call on Wm. Beers, South corner of Main and West streets, Bloomsburg, Pa., for their boarding and lodging. WM. BEERS.

Miss H. E. Brooks, Superintendent of the common schools of Lackawanna county, has been requested by over 100 school directors to be a candidate for re-election. She has complied with their wishes.

The Lutheran cuhrch was tastefully decorated for the memorial services on Saturday and Sunday last. Gilt lettering of the important places of Luther's works embellished the walls.

A little son of Patrick McFadden was drowned in the canal on Saturday afternoon, near Neal's furnace. The body was recovered, and the funeral took place on Monday.

FOR SALE:—A flouring mill, with latest improved machinery. Good locality and near market. For further information, address, POSTMASTER, Reyburn, Luzerne county, Pa., * nov 9-3w

There will be a lecture at the Opera House in Bloomsburg on Friday Nov. 23rd 1883 for the Benefit of Eat Post 250. Subject "Reminiscences of Southern Army life" by Maj. S. P. Hanley.

Having already published several communications on the subject of the Greenwood school, we omit two this week, one on each side of the question. The subject is not of sufficient importance for a protracted newspaper discussion.

There will be an oyster supper at the Evangelical Church in Greenwood, 2 miles west of Rohrsburg, on Friday and Saturday evenings, Nov. 23rd and 24th. The contestants for the Ladies' Watch will make their report on the evening of the 24th. All are cordially invited to attend.

One of the neatest houses for the sale of general merchandise to be found in the country, is that of H. J. Clark & Son. They carry a large and well selected stock, and they offer many rare bargains to purchasers. The interior of the establishment is tastefully arranged, and their show windows are among the most attractive in town.

Rev. Sheldon Jackson, D. D., of New York City, will lecture in the Opera House this (Friday) evening, his subject being Alaska. The lecture is under auspices of the ladies of the Home Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church. Tickets 35 and 50 cents. Reserved seats at Dentler's.

A Bill in Equity has been filed by the First National Bank of Bloomsburg against the Danville Steel Works, lately the Co-operative Steel and Iron Works, praying for an injunction to restrain the sheriff of Montour county from selling the personal property of the defendant. It is alleged that the defendant is insolvent, and that the officers and directors confessed judgment in favor of each other, and to secure certain endorsers on paper not yet due, and that the personal property was levied on and advertised for sale on the shortest possible notice, with intent to defraud other creditors not thus secured. A hearing was held on Monday evening C. R. Buckalew, Col. Knorr and E. H. Little appearing for the complainant, and E. H. Baldy and I. X. Grier of Danville for the defendants. Judge Elwell granted a preliminary injunction, and the case will be argued on the 22nd inst.

Imported olive-wood pen holders and pencils, very pretty and very cheap, at the COLUMBIAN store.

The stock of clothing at D. Lowenberg's is simply immense. He has the largest assortment to be found out of the cities, and it is quite equal to that of many large city houses. As he is well known throughout the county it is unnecessary to say that his large trade is owing to the fact that he always gives satisfaction to his customers in quality, fit and price.

Notice is hereby given to the bondholders of the Bloomsburg State Normal School that upon presentation of the bonds all interest due up to September 1st, 1883, will be paid by H. J. Clark, Treasurer, at the store of H. J. Clark & Son, Bloomsburg, Pa. You will oblige by presenting same before December 1st, 1883.

H. J. CLARK,
Treasurer.
nov 9-3t

Celebrations in honor of the 400th anniversary of the birth of Luther were held on Saturday and Sunday throughout the world. In the leading cities of the United States, England and especially Germany and other Lutheran counties, the exercises became immense demonstrations in honor of the character and work of the reformer.

In Bloomsburg sermons on Luther were preached on Sunday morning in the Reformed and Methodist churches. In the Ev. Luth. Church memorial services were held on Saturday evening and Sunday morning and afternoon. A neatly printed carc was circulated serving the threefold purpose of invitation, programme and souvenir. Addresses were delivered on The Need of a Reformation, Luther's Preparation, Luther the Reformer, principles and influence of the Reformation, and features of Luther's life and teaching of special interest to the young.

Luther's hymns, including the great "battle hymn" Ein Feste Burg were sung at each service.

Large and deeply interested audiences attended all of these services. On Sunday evening the Lutheran and Presbyterian congregations held a joint memorial service in the Presbyterian Church. Addresses on the greatness, character, principles and influence of the Reformer and the Reformation were delivered by Revs. S. Mitchell, D. D., D. J. Waller Sr., D. J. Waller Jr., Ph. D., and F. P. Manhart. The audience was large; rendering of Luther's Ein Feste Burg and Judgement Hymn by the choir excellent; while the nature of the addresses and the temper of the audience indicated the profound conviction of all, that the work of Luther and the Reformation as worthy of all honor, because in reality, it was, the work of Providence.

The Flag Contest.

A contest was fought between Fishingcreek and Locust townships at the late election, the one which polled the heaviest Democratic vote to receive a handsome flag from the county committee. Fishingcreek came off victorious, by casting two more votes than Locust, though the latter only fell off 8 from its vote last year, while the former lost 20.

THE A. B. C. OF OUR BUSINESS.

Attractive Goods,
Admirable Assortment.
Bargain for everybody.
At David Lowenberg's

Big Variety.
Beautiful Designs.
Bottom Prices.

Compare our Stock.
Consider the Saving.
Come right Along.
To David Lowenberg's for Clothing.

Recaptured

William Krick, who escaped from the county jail last February was recaptured in Locust township last Sunday and returned to the keeping of Sheriff Mourey. He first made his appearance on Friday evening and was married to a widow woman. He was arrested by Aleck Ernest and Augustus Koons by direction of the sheriff. The honeymoon will be passed in durance vile.

Benton Items.

Dr. Thomas McHenry is getting out timber for the erection of a building to be occupied by himself as a drug store.

Hiram Everett has moved his stock of goods up town to his store building, and Rohr McHenry has opened a store at his old stand.

McHenry & Carey are erecting a new building to be occupied by them as a furniture store.

Some of our hunters were out last week for deer, but returned on Saturday without any game. They saw some tracks, and caught sight of several bears.

Roll of Honor.

The following pupils in the Espy schools were neither absent nor tardy during the month ending November 13, 1883:

Room No. 1.—Joseph Garrison, Teacher; Bernice Fahringer, Mertie Hartman, Sallie McKamey, Maggie Savage, Emma Stookey, Hurley Angle, Willie Fahringer, Walter Forsyth, Norman Fowler, Walter Groh, Willie Howell, Charles Howell, Willie Hess, Priestly Kistner.

Room No. 2.—Mattie Doak, Teacher; Lizzie Hagenbuch, Mattie Tronsue, Mattie McKamey, Blanche McKamey, Lena Hartman, Nora Hartman, Maggie Reynolds, Effie Fahringer, Rose Berlin, Joe Pursel, Charles Hess, Willie Kistner.

Room No. 3.—Sade Campbell, Teacher; Willie Watters, Charlie Abbott, James Dougherty, Frank Shelly, Charlie Stoffer, Elisha Tronsue, Charles Jacobs, Clinton Hagenbuch, Rutter Hagenbuch, Bessie Kressler, Clemie Jacobs, Edna Hartman, Susie Groh, Dorothy Watters.

Mifflin Items.

Shipping props is again in full force.

Harry Brewer of Forks, Pa., spent Saturday visiting at this place.

The West Mifflin shops are undergoing repairs.

A. M. Mostellerlis making rapid progress at his new house at Hetlerville. This village is growing and by the addition of a few more buildings the town will be nearly three-fourths of a mile long extending from P. J. Lautz's residence to that of Adam Miller.

G. B. Swank of the firm of Swank & Snyder drove to Mountain Grove and Gowen on Friday to look up the interests of the firm in the organ business.

Laubach of Fishingcreek put in a new pump for Joseph Sonn at Hetlerville.

Miss A. E. Miller is taking a two weeks visit at Kingston, Scranton and other parts of Luzerne and Lackawanna counties.

The roof of the Union church took fire on Sunday Morning. Mr. Bomboy the old "veteran" with the aid of a few others succeeded in extinguishing the flames.

Miss Dora Snyder is visiting at Hazleton

An evening party at Jerre Yohe's on Friday evening was the liveliest event of the week.

Mrs. Emanuel Staudt and Miss Eliza Hartzel are sojourning at Barnsville, Pa.

Lloyd Gearhart will have sale in a few weeks. We understand he thinks of going to Illinois where he had been a few years.

E. D. & B. S. Smith of Falls Run were through here on business on Tuesday.

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.—An Act of the Legislature and approved June 2nd 1881, (see Pamphlet laws page 45,) requires tax collectors, township and borough officers to make returns of seated and unseated lands to the County Commissioner's on or before the first day of January next. Lands upon which no property can be found from which to take taxes from, those who fail to make returns by said day will be held for such loss. Taxes so returned become a lien against the property so returned. We have blanks on which these returns are to be made and will furnish them upon application of collectors.

JOHN B. CASEY, Com's, Clerk.
Com's office, Nov. 1st. 1883.

Court Proceedings.

Adjourned court November 8th, 1883.

M. P. Lutz, assignee of C. B. Brockway, vs. N. & W. B. R'y Co. Petition for rule for struck jury filed.

D. A. Hess vs N. & W. B. R'y Co. On petition rule for struck jury granted.

Sale of realty ordered in estate of Levi Miller, deceased.

Chas. Smith, et. al., vs. N. & W. B. R'y Co. On petition filed, rule for struck jury granted.

Petition of D. W. Martz to show cause why he should not be reinstated in the school board and citation awarded.

Estate of Seth Hartman, deceased. Petition to stay sale filed. Citation awarded.

F. R. Jackson vs Borough of Berwick. Petition filed and mandamus awarded.

Petition for viewers to straighten Light Street road in Bloomsburg, filed, and seven viewers appointed.

During the sessions of court other business was postponed at 12 m., and the court, all the judges on the bench, proceeded to count the votes and make return, &c., as required by law.

I. S. Wintersteen and F. B. Hartman were sworn as assistants, and the vote was counted and returns made up, &c., as the law requires.

Court adjourned to Saturday, November 17th, 1883, at 9 a. m.

Centralia Letter

The Hungarians working at Montana received their wages on Friday last. The usual good time was had on Saturday and Sunday.

A fight occurred on our Main street last Friday evening between a young man from Big Mine Run, named Doyle, and Caton and Grant of this place. It appears the latter party wanted to beat Doyle, who seemed to be a very quiet looking man, but when he got through with Grant he convinced Caton that he was the wrong man to meddle with, and Mr. Caton was very glad to escape with a bruised face.

The "Lynx" were at work again last week. A stranger passing through town stopped at Peiffer's hotel for about half an hour, leaving his horse at the hitching post; when he was ready to start he was astonished to find his horse unable to go. Getting out to ascertain the cause he found the horse's fore leg tied to the shaft, and one hind leg tied to the wheel of the carriage. He will give ten dollars to any one who will be kind enough to tell him who the guilty parties are. He would also like to know why the authorities of our town permit such things on our main thoroughfare.

The residents of Raven Run, a small mining village situated about two miles east of Centralia, were startled by the caving-in of one of the breasts in the old workings of Girard Mammoth mines. About 40 feet of the surface was taken down, and with it part of the basement of Mr. Housten's dwelling. For a time it was thought the house would go down, but upon examination it was found the breast was filled. Mr. Housten has begun to fill the hole near his dwelling.

James Garven, a young man who left here about two years ago, for Colorado, is reported as being shot by his companion.

James Murray and William Hughes, who went West six years ago, returned home last week. They speak very encouragingly of the western country.

Richard Doolan, a young man employed at the Continental colliery, had his hand so severely mashed on Monday, that the amputation of several fingers was necessary to save his hand.

A man named Fetzer, working at North Ashland slope, had a narrow escape from death last Thursday. He was caught between the wagons and bruised considerably but is on a fair way to recover.

Owing to a squeeze in the East gangway at the Continental, the colliery was idle on Monday and Tuesday. About five hundred yards of the gangway had to be repaired.

Three men were overcome by gas from the locomotive used in the Continental slope on Monday. When found, all three were insensible. Upon reaching the surface the pure air quickly revived them.

A shooting match will take place Saturday afternoon between F. Leam and J. Dugan for $50 a side. Both men are confident of winning.

Mulchaey of Raven Run, and Butler of Girardville, will run one hundred yards for one hundred dollars a side Saturday next. Both men have been in training for several weeks.

The race in Ashland last Saturday week was very dissatisfactory. O'Donnell claimed a foul before the first mile was run, and the referee decided in his favor. The other party had the referee and all interested parties arrested, and the case came off on Tuesday. Your correspondent failed to hear the result.

A choir of fifty-six male voices has been organized here under the leadership of Prof. Bevan. They contemplate holding a concert in the near future. Those who fail to attend will miss a treat, as there are some of the finest singers in the county connected with it. On Christmas Eve they will compete for a prize in Mahanoy City at a singing festival.

Our borough "dads" have made numerous improvements during the past two weeks, which were badly needed. Street lamps are next in order.

The Hon. William Bryson has been seriously ill for the last three weeks. We are glad to note he is improving rapidly.

Daniel Sweeney spent Saturday and Sunday in Mauch Chunk.

The exercises of the Forty Hours Devotion will be commenced in St. Ignatius' church on Sunday morning. Clergymen from this and adjoining counties will be in attendance.

The matrimonial craze has taken our young folks by storm. There will be five couple married on Monday, and rumor has it as many more the Monday following. The Calithumpians are making great preparations for the final event and will make night hideous for those who refuse to give the customary five dollars.

The new band in the Corner is progressing favorably with the instructions received from Prof. Dusch of Ashland.

A large number from town went to Shenandoah on Monday evening to render any assistance required of them by the unfortunate victims of the fire.

Election Day passed off quietly, as usual. The Democrats had a large majority.

Harry Goyne of Ashland, has been appointed as foreman of the Diamond Drill Company.

A Disastrous Fire in the Town of Shenandoah.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY HOUSEHOLDS DEPLETED BY THE DEVOURING ELEMENT —AN APPEAL FOR AID.

SHENANDOAH, Nov. 12.—A fire broke out at noon to-day in the United States hotel, a large three-story frame structure, corner of Main and Centre streets. The wind was blowing a hurricane at the time, which continued during the afternoon. The building was soon enveloped in flames which communicated to the adjoining buildings north of Centre street. The flames then communicated with the block on the opposite side of the street, and at three o'clock sixteen street fronts were destroyed, including the United States hotel, Odd Fellows hall, academy of music, the *Herald* office row and opera house, *Mining Herald* and the *Saturday Evening News* offices. Assistance was telegraphed for which was responded to from Pottsville, Ashland, Girardville, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City and other places. Over two hundred and fifty families are homeless, having lost everything. The loss is variously estimated at from three quarters to one million dollars. It is utterly impossible to give the amount of insurance but it is supposed to be large. But few serious accidents happened. One young man named George Hewton, on his way home, attempted to jump on a passing train and had both legs taken off. He will die. A special meeting of council and citizens was held this evening when the following appeal to the public was drawn up:

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

"A terrible holocaust has swept this town. Two hundred and fifty families are homeless to-night, and most of them have lost their all and are without provisions or change of clothing. The weather is bitter cold and a strong northwest gale is still blowing. Everything possible for their immediate relief is being done, but we must have help. Who will aid us and give at once? A relief committee with John Cathers as treasurer has been appointed and will receive all contributions of supplies of clothing or money a generous public may be charitable enough to send."

The appeal is signed by D. J. Williams, chief burgess; J. J. Powell, president of council; Jonn Cardin, secretary of council, and ten others. Among the heavy losers are P. J. Ferguson, George F. Leitzel, Charles Higgins, *Mining Herald* Company, (limited), J. P. Rose & Bro., William K. Reick, William Swayer, Robbins & Co., Henry Weiderhald, John Cather, C. W. Dengler, J. H. Mears, Mrs. Grant, Thomas Eagan, J. P. Williams & Bro., Franey & Son, Delaney & Son, Mrs. M. E. Doyle, J. A. Reilly, John F. Higgins, G. Hirshler, Isaac Ball, Charles Rice, Thomas Bellis, Dr. E. C. Luks, Dr. J. C. Biddle, Levi Refowicz, P. W. Delaney and others.

For a Fall Suit,
For a good Overcoat,
For Men, Youth's, Boy's and Children Clothing
go to David Lowenberg's.

Orangeville Items.

All branches of business still continue brisk in our town.

This item for the ladies only: In my pilgrimage through town in quest of items I chanced to look at the show window of Lilley & Sleppy's store and thought I would tell the ladies what I saw there. I saw an elegant line of ladies' ties and neckwear, silk handkerchiefs, porte-monnaies, hosiery of every stripe and color, dress cashmeres and ladies' cloth of all colors. I stepped inside to post myself and learned their prices ranged from 28c to $1.20 per yard for above mentioned goods. Their counters and shelves are piled full of goods of every description, while upon a cord stretched across the room for the better display, was an elegant line of ladies' felt and cloth skirts. Their show cases are full of nice things to tempt the eye and drain the purse. Ladies, fill your pocket books and give them a call. Next week I will tell the men what I saw in their line.

Now I come to a subject that should hold interest for every parent and citizen of our town. I have reference to this habit of intoxication among the boys. I noticed a few nights ago five boys whose ages range from twelve to sixteen years staggering about our streets in a beastly state of intoxication; violating decency by their acts and profanity. Nor is that one night an exceptional case, but the same boys are in the same condition once a week if not oftener. I do not know where they get their liquor but feel sure they get it in this town as they have no means of getting it elsewhere. Parents, look to your boys or before you dream of such a thing you will have them confirmed drunkards. The selling of liquor to minors is unlawful. Then why not stop it? And boys, if you do not mend your ways I will give your names to the readers of this paper.

The new restaurant of H. Coleman, is being well patronized. Reason, prime oysters and well gotten up.

I noticed an item in the last issue of the Sunday *News Dealer*, signed "Observer" deals pretty hard with the members of the surprise party at Wesley Hutton's some evenings ago. I guess, Mr. Observer, the secret of your animus lies in the fact that your nose was too short. "Savey?"

The price of oysters has gone up in town since election, owing to the great demand to pay election bets. Johnny lost every time, but he paid up like a little mon.

Our public schools are in a terribly crowded condition this winter. Prof. Hower has upwards of seventy pupils, while Miss Eves has over fifty in the primary department. Now, while conceding everything as regards the ability of the teachers it is impossible that two teachers should do justice to 125 or 130 pupils Can't our directors arrange to abandon the Stony Brook school which has only an attendance of ten or a dozen, by arranging that those tax payers pay their taxes in Scott and bring that teacher to the assistance of Mr. Hower and Miss Eves.

Can't the citizens of our town devise some means of bettering the condition of our streets? I am tired of seeing nothing but mud holes and garbage piles.

The election passed off quietly, although both parties polled a big vote. The Democratic vote was larger than that of last year. W. H. Snyder worked hard to bring out the vote, even to hiring a conveyance to bring in delinquent voters. X. Y. Z. would like to know who cast that prohibition ticket. X. Y. Z.

A large variety of CELLULOID COLLARS & CUFFS at David Lowenbergs.

Fall Fashion Quarterly.

Send 15 cents to Strawbridge & Clothier, for the Autumn *Quarterly*; 120 pages; 1000 illustrations; 42 valuable articles on subjects of interest to ladies; also, a dressmakers' page. Every description of dry goods illustrated and priced, for shoppers by mail. The music by W. W. Gilchrist, the celebrated composer, is alone worth double the price of the book. Yearly subscription, 50 cents; 25 cents for six months. Subscribe now nov 2-6t

Paper bags, all sizes, square and satchel bottom, at the COLUMBIAN store.

Council Proceedings.

Below we give report of meetings of town council held October 9th, Nov. 7th and 12th.

At a special meeting of town council held October, 9th building permits were granted to R. C. Neal and J. J. Hagenbuch.

Mr. Lowenberg on behalf of committee of trustees of Bloomsburg State Normal School presented a petition praying to be allowed to lay a sewer pipe through and across certain streets and alleys in said petition named, viz: "Across the road leading from Neal's furnace to Market street on south side of canal, across Canal street through Strawberry alley from Canal street to Third, part way through Catherine street, through Third street to East, across East, through alley between Turnbach's and Ort's, across Chestnut alley through Green Alley to South Penn street, to East 2nd, through East 2nd to opposite Wood street near Normal School Dormitory." On motion such permit was unanimously granted.

I. W. McKelvy made petition for permit to lay sewer pipe through and across certain streets and alleys, to wit: "From Strawberrry alley through 6th street to Whitman alley, through same to Exchange Hotel property." On motion it was unanimously granted.

Regular monthly meeting of council was held on Wednesday Nov. 7th, 1883.

Ordinance No. 81, entitled, "An ordinance to straighten, widen and open portions of the highway in the town of Bloomsburg commonly known as the Light Street road, and to vacate such portions of the said Light Street road as may thereby become useless," was unanimously passed. The ordinance recites: That a portion of the Light Street road from where it intersects Second street shall be straightened and widened and opened to the width of seventy feet for a distance of forty-two feet on the East side, and fifty-eight and three-tenth feet on the west side, the centre thereof to be in a line beginning at a point in the centre line of Second street sixty-seven and sixth-tenths feet east of the centre stone in Second street, standing at a point in line of the west side of East street, and running thence north 25° 40 seconds west ninety-two feet to a certain stone at the intersection of this centre line with the centre line of a further portion of said Light Street road, which shall be straightened, widened and opened to the width of fifty feet.

Mr. Waller in behalf of committee asked that the town surveyor be allowed to make a report on a system of sewerage for the town of Bloomsburg, whereupon Mr. Neyhard, the town surveyor presented a draft of a proposed line to run from the Normal School Buildings to the Susquehanna River. He explained the manner of construction and said that the cost of the main line would be about four thousand dollars.

On motion the following resolution was adopted: That the town proceed to put in a sewer upon the location and in accordance with the specification submitted to the council this evening by the town surveyor upon the condition that three thousand dollars be subscribed toward its construction. The committee to report to council on Monday evening at 7 o'clock.

On motion William Rabb and C. B. Sterling were apointed as additional members of committee on sewerage.

Building permit was granted to N. Barton to build a two story frame house on corner of West and First streets.

The following bills were read and approved and the secretary instructed to draw orders in payment thereof.

C. R. Housel, for month of October		$35 00
Joseph Townsend	for labor	10 50
Andrew Campbell	" "	1 25
John Gillaspy	" "	15 31
Oliver Fornwald	" "	17 18
George Savory	" "	3 75
Charles Edwards	" "	3 75
Bruce Birch	" "	3 75
David Edwards	" "	2 50
Henry Phillips	" "	2 50
H. G. Housel	" "	2 50
Fred Schwinn, labor, horse & wagon		8 00
G. M. Hughes	" " "	9 00
Daniel Bryfogle	" " "	9 00
Reuben Hess	" " "	9 00
Thos. Christman	" " "	9 00
Vastine Boone	" " "	9 00
S. W. Shutt, police service		20 00
John Leggett 2000 ft oak plank		36 00
C. R. Mendenhall, lumber &c.		46 12
E. G. Smyser, one fire hydrant		33 00
Wm. Chrisman for sand		1 20
Thomas Geddis for mortar		1 00
Jonas Mann for stone		9 20
Geo. E. Elwell rent of room		15 00
John V. Whitenight stone for highway		24 45
Bloomsburg Gas Co.		84 00
Samuel Neyhard, for surveying		23 00
Wm. Christman, hauling fire hydrant		1 55
M. C. Woodward, police service in October		11 83
M. C. Woodward police service in September		10 33
A. L. Fritz, Secretary,		15 00
Total		$481 57

Council met in special session on Monday Nov. 12. After a discussion on the matter of sewerage for the town, the question was postponed until Monday evening Nov. 19th.

Mr. Rabb moved that a committee be appointed to sell the town park and that it be offered to D. J. Waller for the sum of two thousand dollars. The motion was seconded by Mr. Sterling, and upon vote taken was carried. The president appointed Messrs. Hartman and Moyer as such committee to report at next meeting.

LOCAL NOTICES.

I. W. Hartman & Son.

Are drawing the people from over the river, up the river, down the river, up the creek, down the creek and all over the country to see their stock of fall and winter skirts, shawls, blankets, dress goods, cloths, underwear, stockings, &c., &c. Also their fine line of dishes, glassware, &c. &c., for cash or butter, eggs, Lard, Chickens, dried fruit, &c., &c.

Christmas goods will be the order after this week. Some to be seen now.

Go to C. C. Marr for men's undershirts and drawers from 25c to $1.50 each.

WANTED.—Eggs. The highest market price paid for the same in cash, by J. F. Caldwell, Bloomsburg. nov 16-4w*

Go to C. C. Marr for nice black and cream lace collars and fishues very cheap.

Ladies fine shoes at F. D. Dentler's. A new and large stock just in.

30 different styles of pen or pencil tablets at the COLUMBIAN store.

Go to C. C. Marr for splendid syrups from 50 to 70c per gallon. Best in town.

Cheap underwear at J. B. Skeer's.

You can be suited in shoes, if you call at F. D. Dentler's. His stock is complete in gents', ladies', misses' and children's shoes.

C. C. Marr pays 30c for butter, and 30c for eggs.

75,000 envelopes, all sizes and colors, wholesale and retail, at the COLUMBIAN store.

Everybody admires the beautiful ranges manufactured in all styles, at Sharpless' foundry. They have all the modern improvements, are first-class and as good in all respects as they can possibly be made. oct 26-4w

C. C. Marr buys corn, oats, chickens, shell-barks, lima beans.

F. D. Dentler's stock of ladies', misses', and childrens' shoes is complete in every particular. Call and see.

In 1884 there will be five eclipses. The first will be a partial eclipse of the sun, on March 27, visible at the north pole. The second will be a total eclipse of the moon, on April 10, visible in California. The third will be a partial eclipse of the sun, April 22, visible in the southern hemisphere. The fourth will be a total eclipse of the moon, visible in this latitude on October 4, and the fifth a partial eclipse of the sun on October 18th, in Kamskatchka. There is time enough yet to prepare your smoked glasses.

Go to C. C. Marr for ladies' underskirts.

Cheap queensware at J. B. Skeer's.

Wool blankets and comforts at C. C. Marr.

Pictures, frames, window cornices, at Cadman's.

20 different styles of wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN store.

C. C Marr pays the highest market prices for produce and sells goods the cheapest.

Boots, boots, shoes, shoes, at F. D. Dentler's. Good goods at lowest prices.

Go to C. C. Marr's for bargains in dress goods.

A new lot of fine boxed papers just received at the COLUMBIAN store. That heavy cream damask, and wedding plates is the finest writing paper we have ever shown. Only 40 cents a box, with envelopes.

For good cheap furniture, go to Cadman's.

Look at the nice Christmas goods in C. C. Marr's windows.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

If people troubled with colds, would take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral before going to church or places of entertainment, they would avoid coughing, greatly to the comfort of both speakers and hearers. Public speakers and singers find that the Pectoral wonderfully increases the power and flexibility of the voice.

Not one person in a hundred, at the age of sixty, can say that they are free from Rheumatic pains. All can be cured of this most dreadful disease by the use of Rheumatic Syrup.

To whom it may concern: Wolcott, N. Y., April 11, 1882.

This is to certify that I am an engineer by trade, and for the last five years have been troubled more or less with Rheumatism, and for the last five weeks before this date I have been entirely unable to work, and when I commenced using the Rheumatic Syrup I could hardly leave my chair. After using one-half of a bottle of the syrup, I began to grow better, and am now at work again as usual, having been cured with three bottles. I should advise any one troubled with Rheumatism to use Rheumatic Syrup. Enough cannot be said in its praise. ALFRED REYNOLDS.

TIME TO STOP IT.

It's too bad, Sir or Madam, but don't get frightened. Your hair is falling off—that's certain. A glance in the mirror, or an investigating committe of fingers tell the dismal story. We won't discuss the possible cause. It's enough that Parker's Hair Balsam used now will prevent further destruction. Is your hair somewhat gray, too, and crisp? Alas, yes. The Balsam will give back the original color, softness and gloss. Not a dye, not oily, elegantly perfumed, a perfect dressing.

HOW MUCH WILL DO IT.

How much of *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* is required to cure? Only a very little. A few drops will cure any kind of an ache; and but a trifle more is needed for sprains and lameness. Rheumatism is not so readily affected; an ounce and sometimes two ounces are required. No medicine, however, is so sure to cure with the same number of applications.

FOR THE PUBLIC.

I owe my life to Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir. During the past fifteen years I have spent over a thousand dollars for treatment of Rheumatism, and never received any permanent benefit until I took the Phelps' Elixir. I consider it the best rheumatic remedy ever offered to the public. Respectfully,

GEO. E. HOYT,
Penn avenue, Scranton, Pa.

When your wife's health is bad, when your children are sickly, when you feel worn out, use Brown's Iron bitters.

ONE SUFFERING SOUL HAPPY.

"If I can send one suffering soul to you," writes James Corbin, of Washburn, Ill., "I will be happy. *Samaritan Nervine* cured me and will cure all cases of fits." $1.50.

Wolfesville N. C.—Dr. I. C. McLaughlin says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for vertigo and I feel like a new man."

"DON'T HURRY, GENTLEMEN,"

Said a man on his way to be hanged, "there'll be no fun until I get there." We say to the dyspeptic, nervous, and debilitated don't hurry thoughtlessly for some remedy of doubtful merit, uncertain of relief, when you can get at the druggists for one dollar *Burdock Blood Bitters* almost sure to cure and certain to benefit.

WILL WONDERS EVER CEASE?

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 9, 1883.

Mr. Phelps, Dear Sir—I consider it my duty to tell you how much good your Rheumatic Elixir has done me. For ten years I had Rheumatism in my left arm and last fall it extended through my whole body and limbs. I could hardly turn in bed, and several days I could neither feed myself nor walk without sticks. I took everything that I could hear of, but got no better, and I began to get discouraged. Mr. Good, the druggist, advised me to take Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir. I did so, and after having taken the first bottle I felt satisfied that it was helping me. When I had taken three bottles I was entirely cured. I feel very grateful for what your medicine has done for me. I will cheerfully recommend it to those afflicted with Rheumatism. You can use my name as you wish in behalf of your Elixir.

Yours, with many thanks,
CHAS. H. KNIFFEN,
No. 14 Magnolia Avenue, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Elkton, Ky.—Dr. E. B. Weathers says: "I regard Brown's Iron Bitters as a medicine of unusual worth.

A NEWSPAPER EDITOR.

O. M. Holcomb, of Bloomville, Ohio, rises to explain: "Had that terrible disease catarrh, for twenty years; couldn't taste or smell, and hearing was failing. *Thomas's Electric Oil cured me.* These are facts voluntarily given against a former prejudice of patent medicine."

NO LONGER A QUESTION of opinion we guarantee every box of Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Price 25c., and 50c.

A NOURISHING WINE FOR HOT WEATHER.

Old and infirm persons need some mild tonic or gentle stimulant especially at this season. The wine made at Speer's Mount Prospect vineyards, in New Jersey, called Speer's Port Grape Wine, is used at Dresden, Vienna, and other parts of Europe, as the best wine known for benefitting the human system, and is regarded as pure, and very popular among physicians. It is especially beneficial to females and old people.—*St. Louis Republican.* For sale by druggists.

A THOROUGH COURSE of Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all taint from the blood. It cures Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils and pimples. Sold by J. H. Kinports, druggists.

See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg. sept 22-1y

We do think the Phelps Rheumatic Elixir is the most valuable proprietary medicine ever compounded, and we are confident that this will be the testimony of hundreds of thousands more in the near future.—E. H. RAUCH, editor "Carbon County (Pa.) Democrat. For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy.

WHAT WILL STOP MY COUGHING AT NIGHT? Guarantee Acker's English Remedy will. Price 10c., 50., & $1.

Rheumatic SYRUP.

The Greatest Blood Purifier Known!

Rheumatism Cured.	Scrofula Cured.	Neuralgia Cured.
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Apr. 6th, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* GENTS—I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism for six years, and hearing of the success of Rheumatic Syrup I concluded to give it a trial in my own case, and I cheerfully say that I have been greatly benefitted by its use. I can walk with entire freedom from pain, and my general health is very much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and debilitated system. E. CHESTER PARK, M. D.	PORT BYRON, N. Y., Feb. 20, '82. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* I had been doctoring for three or four years, with different physicians, for scrofula, as some called it, but found no relief until I commenced taking your Syrup. After taking it a short time, to my surprise, it began to help me. Continuing its use a few weeks, I found myself as well as ever. As a blood purifier, I think it has no equal. MRS. WILLIAM STRANG.	FAIRPORT, N. Y., March 12, '83. *Rheumatic Syrup Co.:* GENTS—Since November, 1882, I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and have not known what it was to be free from pain until I commenced the use of Rheumatic Syrup. I have felt no pain since using the fourth bottle. I think it is the best remedy I have ever heard of for purifying the blood and for the cure of rheumatism and neuralgia. W. B. CHASE.

Manufactured by RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO., 1 Plymouth Ave., Rochester, N. Y.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

ARE NOW

Showing Complete Lines of

Black and colored dress silks at low prices.
Black and colored cashmeres, some bargains.
Ladies' ready made coats, New Markets.
Dolmans, fur lined garments, new line.
Children's ready made coats from $1.75 up.
Large lines of plushes, cloths, &c., to make up.
Ladies' and children's underwear, lowest prices.
Blankets from the late auction sale, prices lower than ever.
Shawls, all kinds at all prices—also skirts.
*Ladies' and children

Peanuts in the South.

THE PROFIT IN THEIR CULTIVATION AND HOW THEY ARE USED.

The crop of peanuts in the United States this year is estimated to be worth $3,000,000. Virginia will throw upon the market at least 2,400,000 bushels, Tennessee 275,000 bushels, North Carolina 135,000 bushels, South Carolina 100,000 bushels, and Alabama as much as both the Carolinas combined.

Northern people have but a faint idea what a great business peanut raising has become in the South. Fortunes at which some New York brokers would open their eyes in amazement are made south of Mason and Dixon's line, and made from peanuts, too.

If, as some people believe, Africa sent a curse to America in slavery, she certainly conferred a blessing in the universally popular peanut which grows so well throughout the Southern regions that we shall soon be able to cut off their now large importation altogether. In Virginia they are called "peanuts," in North Carolina "ground peas," in South Carolina, Georgia and Mississippi, "pinders;" in Alabama, "ground-nuts," and in Tennessee, "goobers."

The preparation of peanuts for the market is an interesting operation. They are first put into an immense cylinder, from which they enter the brushes, where each nut receives fifteen or sixteen feet of brushing before it becomes free. After this cleansing process the nuts drop on an endless belt, which revolves very slowly. On each side of the belt is a row of girls—black, white, tan-colored and crushed strawberry, some of them—whose duty it is to separate the poor nuts from the good ones.

Those of the nuts that "pass" go on to the next room, where more await their arrival and put them in bags which, when filled, are sewed up and branded as "cocks," with the figure of a rooster prominent on each sack. These are the "No. 1" peanuts. The poorer, which were separated by the girls at the endlesss belt are all picked over again; the best are singled out and branded, and afer being put in the sack, as "ships." The "ships" are not so large nor so fine in appearance as the "cocks" but they are just as good for eating.

The third grade of nuts is known as "eagles," and the cullings that are left from the "eagles" are sent to a building where the little meat that is in them is extracted by a patent sheller. This "meat"—for by this name it is known to the dealers—is put up, clean and nice, in 200 pound bags and shipped for the use of confectioners and manufacturers of peannt candy.

There is also an oil made from some of the nuts, and in this specialty, I am told, a large trade is done by a wholesale druggist. Of the peanuts there is nothing wasted, for even the shells are made useful, being put in immense sacks and sold to livery men for horse bedding, and a very comfortable, healthful bed they make.

I see by one of the Atlanta papers that a mill is to be built for the manufacture of peanut flour, which it is said makes most excellent biscuit. In parts of Georgia I have eaten pastry made from peanut flour, and it was excellent, resembling cocoanut in taste somewhat, although much more oily and sweet.

The kernels of the peanuts are groud between ordinary millstones and the flour is "bolted," or sifted through wire sieves in order that all the coarse, sharp pieces and the leather-like skins may be removed. The refuse—if it may be so called—makes excellent food for pigs.

The cultivation of the peanut will, before long, be one of the industries of the South, and bids fair, in time, to rival cotton growing as an occupation, the profits to each acre of land being about the same, and peanuts are much easier to grow than cotton, requiring less care and attention.

There is one objection however, to peanut flour as a steady diet. It is said to be very injurious to the teeth, causing them first to turn yellow and then decay.

Digging Wells.

The Massachusetts *Ploughman* some time since had the following directions in regard to digging wells:

The old way of digging a well and stoning it up so as to leave it about three feet in diameter, is a very good one if the water is to be drawn up with buckets; but if only with a pump it is a very poor way; for if, as is the usual custom, the well be covered at the top, it leaves a very large space for dead air, which often becomes so bad that it affects the quality of the water; and also makes it unsafe to enter the well. When a well thus stoned has only a pump in it, the covering should be under water or very near it; but if it is known that only a pump is to be used, the expense of stoning may be saved, and the water kept in a much better condition. This is done by digging the well in a dry time, and, when dug as low as possible, a cement pipe, some two or three feet long, is sunk at the bottom and worked down as low as possible by digging out the inside; the pipe should be covered over with a flat stone, through the middle of which a two inch hole has been drilled; directly over this hole stand up drain-pipe, then begin to fill in the hole. When filled as high as the top of the first piece of drain pipe, put on another, being careful to have it straight with the other, and the line perpendicular; continue filling and adding drain-pipe until it is as high as the surrounding ground, or if the pump is not to stand directly over the well, then when it is filled within four feet of the surface put in the pump pipe, and lead it off in a trench to where the pump is to stand. When it is found that the pipe is all right, finish filling the well, leaving some durable mark that the position of the well may be known.

A well of this kind is reliable and permanent, requiring no repairs, the water is cool and free from impurities that open wells are subject to; no insects or animals can find their way into it, and the cost is not more than one half that of a well that is stoned. If dug, as it should be, when the springs are low, a constant supply of water that is as pure as the underground springs, is secured. As the well is always full there is no chance for bad air to injure the water, and in fact but little danger of being poluted by surrounding cesspools.

CHEAP SOUP.—An exchange says: Do not throw away the bones of turkey or chicken. Crack them and let them boil for two or three hours in a little water; put in also any nice bits of the fowl that are left, particularly the neck, which is never eaten. To this add any soup stock you have, and, with a little barley or sage, you will have a nourishing soup. Season with salt, pepper and any herbs you choose.

His own Executor.

A WELL KNOWN GENTLEMAN'S PHILANTHROPHY AND THE COMMOTION CAUSED BY ONE OF HIS LETTERS.

(*Rochester Democrat and Chronicli.*)

We published on our third page yesterday morning a magnificant letter from a gentleman known personally or reputation to nearly every person in the land. We have received a number of letters protesting against the use af our columns for such "palpable frauds and misrepresentations;" therefore, to confirm beyond a doubt the authenticity of the letter, and the genuineness of its sentiments, a reporter of this paper was commissioned to ascertain all the possible facts in the matter. Accordingly he visited Clifton Springs, saw the author of the letter, and with the following result:

Dr. Henry Foster, the gentleman in question, is 63 or 64 years of age and has an extremely cordial manner. He presides as superintendent over the celebrated sanitarium which accommodates over 500 guests and is unquestionably the leading health resort of the country. Several years ago this benevolent man wisely determined to be his own executor; and, therefore turned over this magnificant property worth $300,000, as a free gift to a board of trustees, representing the principal evangelical denominations. Among the trustees are Bishop A. C. Coxe, Protestant Episcopal, Buffalo; Bishop Matthew Simpson, Philadelphia, Methodist Episcopal; President M B. Anderson, of the University of Rochester; Rev. Dr. Clark, Secretary of the A. B. C. F. M., Boston. The benevolent purpose of the institution is the care: 1st.—of evangelical missionaries and their families whose health has been broken in their work. 2nd.—of ministers, of any denomination, in good standing, 3rd.—of members of any church; who otherwise would be unable to secure such care and treatment. The current expenses of the institution are met by the receipt from the hundreds of distinguished and wealthy people who every year crowd its utmost capacity. Here come men and women who were once in perfect health, but neglected the first symptoms of disease. The uncertain pains they felt at first were overlooked until their health became impaired. They little realized the danger before them, nor how alarming even trifling ailments might prove. They constitute all classes, including ministers and bishops, lawyer, judges, statesmen, millionaries, journalists, college professors and officials from all parts of the land.

Drawing the morning *Democrat and Chronicle* from his pocket, the reporter remarked, "Doctor, that letter of yours has created a good deal of talk, and many of our readers have questioned its authenticity."

"To what do you refer?" remarked the doctor.

"Have you never seen the paper?"

"Yes, but I have not had time to read it yet."

The reporter thereupon showed him the letter, which was as follows:

CLIFTON SPRINGS SANITARIUM Co.,
CLIFTON SPRINGS, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1883

DEAR SIR: I am using Warner's Safe Cure, and I regard it as the best remedy for some forms of kidney disease that we have. I am watching with great care some cases I am now treating with it, and I hope for favorable results.

I wish you might come down yourself, as I would like very much to talk with you about your sterling remedy and show you over our institution.

Yours truly,
[Signed] HENRY FOSTER, M. D.

"I do not see why anybody should be skeptical concerning that letter," remarked the doctor.

"Isn't it unusual for a physician of your standing and influence to commend a proprietory preparation?"

I don't know how it may be with others, but in this institution we allow no person to dictate to us what we shall use. Our purpose is to cure the sick, and for that work we use anything we know to be valuable. Because I know Warner's Safe Cure is a very valuable preparation, I commend it. As its power is manifested under my use, so shall I add to the completeness of my commendation."

"Have you ever analyzed it, doctor?"

"We always analyze before we try any preparation of which we do not know the constituents. But analysis, you know, only gives the elements; it does not give the all imortant proportions. The remarkable power of Warner's Safe Cure undoubtedly consists in the proportions according to which its elements are mixed." While there may be a thousand remedies made of the same elements, unless they are put together in proper proportions, they are worthless as kidney and liver preparations.

"I hope some day to meet Mr. Warner personally, and extend further congratulations to him on the excellence of his preparations. I have heard much of him as the founder of the Warner Observatory, and as a man of large benevolence. The reputed high character of the man himself gave assurance to me in the first place that he would not put a remedy upon the market that was not trustworthy; and it was a source of a good deal of gratification to me to find out by actual experiment that the remedy itself sustained my impressions."

The conclusion reached by Dr. Foster is precisely the same found by Dr. Dio Lewis, Dr. Robert A. Gunn, Ex-Surgeon-General Gallagher and others, and proves beyond a doubt the great efficacy of the remedy which has awakened so much attention in the land and rescued so many men, women and children from disease and death.

He Went too Far.

The editor of the Wolfville *Hawk* had just written: "The following from the *Hat County Blade* hits the nail squarely on the head," when a gentleman entered and remarked:

"Can you tell me the extent of the recent rain?"

"Its general, I think," the editor replied.

"Ah!" said the gentleman, "I had often heard of titles in Arkansaw, but really didn't think you went so far."

The editor looked at the visitor long and searchingly. "What do you mean?" he at length asked.

"Why, calling the rain general, you know.

It is said that an old spittoon lying in the alley has human hair plastered on it.

Mrs. J. H. Dougherty, of Union City Penn., took a stone that fell in a hailstorm in her dooryard, to an Erie jeweler, and he said it was worth $500. It is dark colored, brilliantly white, and weighs four ounces.

How Queen Victoria Spends her Time.

If the day is fine the Queen drives to Frogmore in an open carriage and there breakfasts in the house, unless the weather is very hot, when her Majesty takes the meal in a tent on the lawn, and reads her private letters and newspapers. The Queen never takes up a newspaper that has not been previously perused by a lady in waiting, who marks all the passages that she thinks would interest her Majesty, who is supposed to look at nothing that is not marked. Afterward the Queen goes to another room or another tent, and proceeds to the business of the day. there are seldom less than twenty, and often more than thirty boxes to be gone through, and a groom is kept constantly riding between the Queen at Frogmore and Sir Henry Ponsonby at the castle.

After about three hours of incessant work her Majesty drives back to the castle with the boxes in the carriage; and they are then carried up-stairs on a tray and sorted and despatched by Sir Henry Ponsonby. Then her Majesty lunches with Princess Beatrice, and other members of her family who are at the castle; and unless there is any ceremony of state appointed for the day, they afterward take a walk in the sunk garden or on the slopes and later go out for a drive. On their return they retire for a little necessary retire for a little necessary rest before preparing for dinner, which brings the day's visitors. The only part of the Queen's daily routine which never varies is the morning work, which comes as regularly as that of any clerk in the city, and everything is done by her Majesty with conscientious thoroughness. The Queen looks into everything herself, and the public have little idea of the prodigious number and variety of the subjects which come before her for decision. It is an axiom among all who have served the Queen, that if they can only get their case looked into by her Majesty, strict justice is assured. At Winsdor her life is more laborious than elsewhere, from the incessant visitors and ceremonies, and the impossibility of getting away from the pomp and pageantry of a court. There is nothing which her Majesty so much dislikes at the castle as the innumerable sentries, who are everywhere to be seen, and whose monotonous tramp never ceases along the east terrace, underneath the windows of the private aparments.

The Vermont of To-Day.

There are fewer farms we suspect in Vermont; there are as many deserted farms and decayed towns in Southern Vermont to day as there ever were in our history; at least that is the testimony given us by a very intelligent farm-bred lawyer who has recently personally visited the towns that touch either side of the Green Mountains, from the Massachusetts line to Addison county. In Stratton, where Webster, in 1840, addressed the great Whig mass-meeting, the farmhouse where Webster spent the night is a ruin and the farm deserted. In the woodland you meet the ruins of old 4 foot stone walls; in Somerset you find in the forest stone walls and the remains of an old highway, the decaying abutments of a former bridge across the stream are all that remain of the civilization that was represented by a church, a grist mill and a country store. The woodland has so encroached upon these deserted farms that our friend is confident there is more woodland to-day in mountain towns of Vermont than there has been at any time during the last forty years. In the old counties of Bennington, Windham, Windsor and Rutland our informant found he assures us, pleanty of evidence of deserted farms and decaying towns along either side of the mountain range, and these deserted farms are not being reoccupied by any returning wanderer, although most of the towns are places of natural beauty and attractiveness. Among these towns are Readsboro, Somerset, Searsburg, Sunderland, Wardsboro, Peru, Jamaica, Landgrove, Weston, Plymouth, Shaftsbury, Winhall, and several mountain towns in Rutland county. Our friend thinks that towns touching the mountains on either side have been permanently deserted. The future of Vermont, if she is to increase henceforth largely in wealth and population, lies in manufactures, not enlarged agriculture, and this is true, not only of Vermont, but of all New England.—*Rutland Herald.*

A writer in the *North American* thinks Mr. Director Burchard would have done well had he in refering to the "profits on silver coinage" stated that the term is strictly technical, and that the government derives no actual profits from the purchase of silver at its bullion price and issuing it with an over-valuation as a legal tender. The director takes it for granted that the public will see for itself that were the government to issue twenty-five cents worth of silver as a legal tender for one hundred cents, it can derive no profit from the transaction if it is bound to receive the coin, in payment of dues and demands, as one hundred cents.

Were a manfacturer to sell a yard of cloth worth ten cents for fifty cents, should that be the end of the transaction, he would make forty cents. But if he should bargain with the purchaser to receive back the same yard of cloth in satisfaction of any dues at forty cents, his so-called 'profit" would disappear Seigniorage on silver coined into dollars represents the difference bet ween the bullion and the legal tender value of the "dollar." And apart from the cost of distribution and wastage, this seigniorage remains in the treasury to make good the difference alluded to. As the mints now only coin silver on government account, they can actually learn nothing. Hence all talk about earnings is technical, and had much better be explained. There is no coinage charged for gold, and the charges for parting, refining, toughening and so forth are intended simply to defray the cost of the operations. The nation makes no money off the people, but in fact does so much of their work for nothing, or at most, at cost.

There was One.

The census-taker was doing one of the interior towns, as it is the case in those places, about every year, and at one house he interviewed the proprietor. After certain inquiries he said:

"Have you a wife?"

"Yes."

"First one?"

"No, the last one, out of four.

"Any children?"

"A few."

"How many?"

"Thirteen."

"Any idiots?"

"Well, let me see"—scratching his head, in a thoughtful attitude—"I guess there's one That's me. Put it down in the book that way, anyhow, on general principles."—*W. J. Lampton.*

The balloon that will not go is not good for ascent.

ODD ITEMS.

The man who rides horseback always takes a back seat.

Politeness is sometimes fatal. Up in Michigan the other day, a nurse and her charge were killed by the bough of a tree.

It takes Wilkie Collinss six months to write a story. He grinds out nine pages a day and then stops.

We read that there are bed-bugs in the White House, Leave 'em alone and they'll soon starve to death.

Two Louisville pall-bearers so exhausted themselves at a funeral that they died in consequence.

Several people have been poisoned recently by eating bologna sausage. This is the result of allowing dogs to wear brass collars.

The wife of Congressman Lowery, of Indiana, tried to cure a felon on her finger with carbolic acid. Amputation is thought to be necessary.

When Fogg was asked regarding the latest addition to the English language he said he would ask his wife. She always had the last word.

An Indianapolis hearse driver lost his situation for smoking a pipe while driving to the graveyard. His excuse was that he couldn't afford cigars.

If every man who has a soft head should æsthetically conclude to wear a soft hat, the present style of stiff felt would go entirely out of fashion.

Edith—It's really difficult to advise you. Night marriages seem to have the prestige of great antiquity. Adam, you know, wasn't married till eve.

Country maidens are now holding guessing maches. They sit out in the garden and guess whether its a potato bug or an army worm that's crawling down their backs.

Sydney Smith once said to his vestry, in reference to a block pavement proposed to be built around St. Paul's, "All you have to do, gentlemen, is to put your heads together and the thing is done."

"The funeral was all that could be expected," said an aged lady who looks upon these events with an artistic eye. "The display was grand and the widow wept like a born angel."

An intemperate citizen, of Rochester; calls his stomach "Hades," because its the place of departed spirits. And one in Cincinnati calls his "The Tomb." because it's where the bier goes.

Among the Dunkards men kiss only men and the kissing of women is done only among themselves. "Very few converts are made by the Dunkards," soberly remarks an exchange.

"Papa, please tell me the story of the new comet," said Mary to her father last evening. "I cannot, my dear," replied Mr. Battler, "there is no tail to it yet."[—Beston Courier.

A correspondent writes: "There are ground squirrels, ground mice, ground hogs, etc., but I see no mention in any of my books of a ground dog. Is there such an animal?" Inquire at a sausage factory.

An old lady named Brown, of Hinton, Mich., has the grayest of hair that is now turning to its original color. She is cutting her third set of teeth. She has had her second eyesight for years and can see to do fine work.

Messrs. Grewet and Foster, pillars of the Baptist church in Floresville, Texas, disputed, over a Biblical question until they lost their temper and used their fiists until other members of the church separated them.

The Postmistress in Ohio has resigned to take a husband. There is great indignation int he State.

In New York you had better keep your hands off the small boy. More likely than not he has his pockets full of dynamite cartridges.

John Young, son of old Brigham, is a good speaker, and ranks as chief dude of the Mormon Church.

A tumble in cabinet pictures from $6 to $2 per dozen has shaken photographic Chicago to its centre.

It is no uncommon thing in London to see a young woman of fashion, with red heels on her shoes to match the red top-knot on her head.

In Alaska everything freezes solid by the middle of October, but in the United States it is not a cold day for candidates until early in November.

A boiler in an Ohio pump factory exploded recently, but, strange to say, no milkmen were injured.

Messrs. Barnum, Baily & Hutchison, the circus men, have divided $1,000,000 as the result of the season.

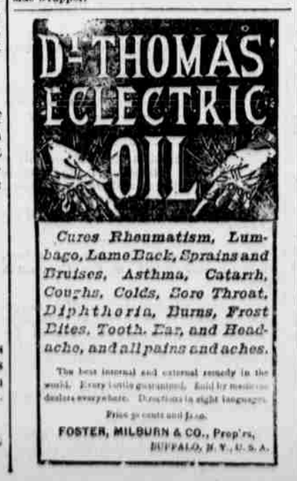
Half Out of His Head.

"Blessed be the man," said Don Quixote's weary squire, "who invented sleep." Sancho's gratitude is ours, but what if one cannot for any reason enjoy that excellent invention? "Nervousness in me had become a disease," writes Mr. William Coleman, the well known wholesale druggist of Buffalo, N. Y.

"I could not sleep, and my nights were either passed in that sort of restlessness which nearly crazes a man, or in a kind of stupor, haunted by tormenting dreams. Having taken PARKER'S TONIC for other troubles, I tried it also for this. The result both surprised and delighted me. My nerves were toned to concert pitch, and, like Caesar's fat men, I fell into the ranks of those who sleep o nights. I should add that the Tonic speedily did away with the condition of general debility and dyspepsia occasioned by my previous sleeplessness, and gave me strength and perfect digestion. In brief, the use of the Tonic thoroughly re-established my health. I have used PARKER'S TONIC with entire success for sea-sickness and for the bowel disorders incident to ocean voyages."

This preparation has heretofore been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. Hereafter it will be advertised and sold under the name of PARKER'S TONIC—omitting the word "ginger." HISCOX & Co. are induced to make this change by the action of unprincipled dealers who have for years deceived their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger. We drop the misleading word all the more willing, as ginger is an unimportant flavoring ingredient in our Tonic.

Please remember that no change has been, or will be, made in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signature of HISCOX & Co., is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.



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GREAT HEALTH
Restorers.

IN SHORT, TAKE ALL THE BEST qualities of these, and the best qualities of all the best Medicines of the World and you will find that HOP BITTERS have the best curative qualities and powers of all concentrated in them, and that they will cure when any or all of these, singly or combined, fail. A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

SPEER'S
PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE
Also
UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the aged.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!
FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable,

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed by the Principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

Is the juice of the Oporto Grapes preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Socialite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine especially suited for dinner use,

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled,

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

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An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now travelling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worth less trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. None can on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS. al1 Jan 26 '83-1y.

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And all Bilious Complaints.
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WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work proper from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co Portland, Maine. Dec. 8, '82-1y

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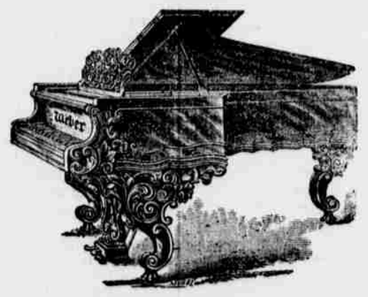

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HAY-FEVER

HAY-FEVER.

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Apply by little finger into the nostrils. By absorption it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequalled for colds in the head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c. a package—stamps. ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 4-tf

OUR BUYERS' GUIDE, No. 34, 1 all ant Winter, 1883, gives wholesale prices *direct to consumers* on everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. Tells how to order with exact cost, 240 pages—large ones—3,300 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Contains information gleaned from the markets of the world. No other price-book in existence contains as much information. Sent free to any address upon receipt of postage (7 cts). Let us hear from you, or visit us when in our city. Near Exposition Buildings. Respectfully.
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SIMON PURE
Its qualities, Medicinal and Culinary, guarantee Health and Luxury.

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For the Celebrated Chickering, Ivers & Pond, and Vose & Son Pianos. World-renowned Estey Organs, Violins, Accordeons and Sheet Music. Celebrated White, New High Arm Davis, New Home, Royal St. John, and Light Running Domestic Sewing Machines. Needles, oil and attachments for all makes of Sewing Machines.

RAILROAD TIME TAB

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION AND NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Sept. 24th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.35 a. m.—Sea Shore Express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.05 p. m.; Washington 6.40 p. m., making close connections at Philadelphia for all sea shore points.

1.50 p. m.—Day express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.30 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.15 p. m.; Washington, 8.40 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 2.55 a. m.; New York 6.20 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.05 a. m.—Erie Mail for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m.; New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 9.10 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.25 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace car to Canandaigua and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through parlor car to Watkins and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.35 p. m., Fast line for Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Lock Haven and Buffalo.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.50 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.05 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10 45 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 9.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 6.30 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

NEBOV. HARLETON & WILKES-BARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH & WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

Mail East leaves Sunbury 6.45 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 7.41 a. m., Wilkes-barre 9 20 a. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.25 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.31 p. m., Wilkes-barre 9 10 p. m.

Mail West leaves Wilkes-barre 10.30 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 12 01 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 5.30 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 7 01 p. m., Sunbury 8.05 p m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

July 2 1883

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m;

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 6.13 and 10.30 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,35 11.45 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

For Lewisburg and Sunbury, 4.06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via. Tamanend 9,00 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,50 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,30 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,30 11.05 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9.45 a.m, 4.05 p. m. and 6.00 p. m

Leave Sunbury 4.24 p. m.

" Lewisburg 4.48 p. m.

Passengers to and from New York, via. Tamanend and to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager,

C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. Jan. 10, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH, p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 15	3 45	9 45	.....Scranton.....	9 30	2 10	6 17
9 09			.....Bellevue.....			6 22
9 03		9 37	.....Taylorville..	9 45	20	6 27
8 56		9 30	.....Lackawanna..	9 52	27	6 34
8 48		9 24	.....Pittston	9 58	34	6 41
8 42		9 19	.. West Pittston	10 03	39	6 46
8 37		9 14	.....Wyoming.....	10 08	44	6 51
			.....Maltby.....			6 55
			.....Bennetts.....			6 58
8 25	00	9 04	.....Kingston.....	10 18	54	7 02
8 25	1 50	9 04	.....Kingston.....	10 18	2 54	7 10
	1 43		.....Plymouth Junc			7 17
8 16	1 25	8 55	.....Plymouth..	10 26	3 02